



COURSE SPECIFICATION

Medical Biochemistry & Molecular Biology

(Basic level I)

Faculty of Medicine- Mansoura University

(A) Administrative information

(1) Programme offering the course.	Master degree in Medical Biochemistry programme
(2) Department offering the programme.	Medical Biochemistry Department
(3) Department responsible for teaching the course.	Medical Biochemistry Department
(4) Part of the programme.	First part
(5) Date of approval by the Department's council	1/11/2015
(6) Date of last approval of programme	9/8/2016
specification by Faculty council	
(7) Course title.	Medical Biochemistry & Molecular
	Biology (Basic level I)
(8) Course code:	BIC 504
(9) Total teaching hours:	90 hr lectures
	60 hr practical
(10) Total credit hours:	6 hours lectures
	2 hr practical

(B) Professional information

(1) Course Aims:

Provide candidate with a basic knowledge in modern biochemistry and molecular biology necessary for an understanding of the life sciences at the molecular level in addition to a basic training in the principles of biochemistry and molecular biology techniques.

(2) Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):

On successful completion of the course, the candidate will be able to:

A- Knowledge and Understanding

AI.1 | AI.1.1 define classification and structure of monosaccharides

- AI.1.2 define derivatives of monosaccharides
- AI.1.3 define disaccharides
- AI.1.4 define polysaccharides (classification, homopolysaccharides, heteropolysaccharides "GAGs"
- AI.1.5 Describe digestion, absorption of CHO and glucose uptake by tissues.
- AI.1.6 Describe glycolysis (defination, site, function, steps, regulation and metabolic diseases)
- AI.1.7 discuss gluconeogenesis (defination, site, importance, gluconeogenic substrates, steps, regulation)
- AI.1.8 discuss glycogen metabolism
- Glycogenesis Glycogenolysis (definition, site and steps)
- Regulation of glycogen metabolism
- Glycogen storage disease
- AI.1.9 Recognize oxidative decarboxylation of pyruvic acid
- **AI.1.10** Recognize citric acid cycle (definition, site, steps, biomedical importance, regulation and inhibitors, energetic, clinical aspects and role of vitamins)
- AI.1.11 discuss hexose monophosphate shunt (definition, site, biomedical importance, function of NADP, regulation and clinical aspects)

AI.1.12 discuss uronic acid pathway (definition, site, importance, pathways of UDPG, biosynthesis of amino sugars)

AI.1.13 Recognize metabolism of other hexoses

- Fructose metabolism(biomedical importance, conversion of fructose to glucose, conversion of glucose and inborn errors of fructose metabolism)
- Galactose metabolism(biomedical importance, conversion of galactose to glucose, conversion of glucose to galactose and inborn errors of galactose metabolism)
- AI.1.14 define Glucose homeostasis (Regulation of blood glucose)
- AI.1.15 discuss diabetes mellitus (def, types, metabolic changes, diagnosis and complication)
- AI.2 AI.2.1 Recognize strucure, importance and classification of lipids
 - AI.2.2 Discuss structure and function of phospholipids, glycolipids, sulpholipids and lipoproteins
 - AI.2.3 Define structure and function of derived lipids
 - AI.2.4 recognize chemistry and function of carotenes
 - AI.2.5Describe Lipogenesis (definition, site, regulation, steps)
 - AI.2.6 Discuss Fatty acid synthsis
 - Synthesis of glycerol and TG
 - Synthesis of saturated FA (Cytoplasmic FA synthesis, Mitochondrial FA synthesis, Microsomal FA synthesis)
 - Synthesis of unsaturated FA

AI.2.7Describe Lipoprotein metabolism

- Definition, site, steps, biomedical importance, regulation and metabolism of each type
- Apoproteins (definition, role and types)
- Enzymes in lipid transport
- Primary disorders of plasma lipoproteins

AI.2.8 Recognize Fatty acid oxidation

• Recognize B oxidation, Alpha oxidation, Omega oxidation (definition, site, steps)

Recognize Oxidation of unsaturated FA AI.2.9 Recognize Active acetate (sources and fate) AI.2.10 Discuss Ketone bodies metabolism Ketogenesis (definition, site, steps, biomedical importance and regulation) Ketolysis (definition, site, steps, biomedical importance and regulation) Ketosis (definition, pathogenesis, causes and effects) AI.2.11 Discuss Eicosanoids metabolism(Definition, members, synthesis, biological actions, clinical aspects) AI.2.12 Describe Cholesterol metabolism Structure, Synthesis, Transport and Degradation • Blood cholesterol levels and its clinical aspects Bile acids and bile salts (structure, synthesis and clinical aspects) Steroid hormones (synthesis, secretion and mechanism of action) AI.2.13 Recognize Phospholipid metabolism (Structure, Function, Biosynthesis and catabolism of different types of PL). AI.2.14Describe role of adipose tissue in lipid metabolism with stress on hormonal regulation **AI.2.15** Discuss Fatty liver (definition, causes pathogenesis and lipotropic factors) AI.3 AI. 3.1 Describe types of chemical bonds AI.3.2 Recognize types of chemical reactions AI.3.3 Define acid and alkalis AI.3.4 Recognize PH (def, values and measuement) AI.3.5 Discuss buffers (def, forms, mechanism of action types of blood buffers and clinical significance) AI.3.6 Discuss solution (def, classification) AI.3.7 define colloids, viscosity, dialysis, osmosis AI.4 AI.4.1 Understanding importance, classification, general properties of protein AI.4.2 Recognize Structure, classification, properties of amino acids

	AI.4.3 Recognize protein strucure, protein folding and protein misfolding
	AI.4.4 Describe amino acid pool
	AI.4.5 demonstrate catabolic pathways of amino acids (transamination-deamination-
	decarboxylation-transamidation)
	AI.4.6 Recognize sources & fates of ammonia
	AI.4.7 Recognize urea biosynthesis (steps-regulation-metabolic disorders)
	AI.4.8 Recognize the nitrogen balance
	AI.4.9 recognize biosynthesis of non essential amino acids
	AI.4.10 describe catabolism of carbon skeleton of a.a.
AI.5	AI.5.1 describe structure, nutritional value, biosynthesis metabolic fate and catabolic pathway of
	non essential amino acid
	A5.2 describe structure, nutritional value, metabolic fate and metabolic pathway of essential
	amino acid
AI.6	AI.6.1 Explain synthesis of porphyrins and heam (site, steps, regulation and metabolic defects)
	AI.6.2 discuss porphyria (def, types, causes and manifestation)
	AI.6.3 recognizeheam catabolism
	AI.6.4 explain and compare between types of hyperbillirubinemia =jaundice
	AI.6.5 Define types, structure, derivatives and fate of heamoglobin
AI.7	AI.7.1 Recognize strucure, derivatives and importance of nucleotides
	AI.7.2 describe free nucleotides of biological importance
	AI.7.3 define mitochonderial DNA
	AI.7.4 Describe structure of DNA (1ry- 2ry- tertiary- DNA supercoiling)
	AI.7.5 Describe types and structure of RNA
	AI.7.6 Recognize synthesis of purine nucleotide (denovopathway steps-regulation)
	AI.7.7 describe catabolism of purine nucleotides
	AI.7.8 explain metabolic disorders of purine metabolism(hypouricemia-hyperuricemia)
	AI.7.9 Recognize pyrimidine synthesis °radation (denovopathway -steps-regulation)
	AI.7.10 memorizes synthetics base analoges used in chemotherapy.
AI.8	AI.8.1 Recognize enzyme change in fed &fasting state
	AI.8.2 describe role of (liver-adipose tissue-muscle-brain)in fed &fasting state
	AI.8.3 Recognize absorption ,transport , storage , function ,toxicity & deficiency of maroelements&
47.0	trace elements.
AI.9	AI.9.1 Recognize Hormone Receptors (Definition/ nature/ characters/types)
	AI.9.2 Recognize Classification of hormones
	AI.9.3 Recognize Mechanism of action of hormones that bind to intracellular receptors

	AI.9.4 Describe Mechanism of action of hormones that bind to cell surface receptors
	AI.9.5 Explain Hormones that act through cAMP
	AI.9.6 Explain Hormones that act through cGMP
	AI.9.7 Describe Hormones that act through a kinase or phosphatase cascade (Intrinsic protein
	tyrosine kinase activities - Associated protein tyrosine kinase activities)
AI.10	AI.10.1 Explain electron transport chain (def, components, enzyme complexes, sequence of
	events)
	AI.10.2 Explain oxidative phosphorylation (def, sites, mechanism, inhibitors, energetic, p/o ratio
	and uncoupler)
	AI.10.3 Identify genetic mitochondrial disorders
	AI.10.4 Define oxidation of cytoplasmic NADH+H+
	AI.10.5 Define bioenergetics (definition, first law of thermodynamics, gibbs free energy and
	standard free energy)
	AI.10.6 Recognize ATP (sources and biological importance)
	AI.10.7 Describe Low and high energy bonds
AI.11	Definition, importance, phases of metabolism, toxic effect of xenobioteics
AI.12	AI.12.1 define chemistry, sources, Structure, function deficiency of water soluble vitamins
	AI.12.2 define chemistry, sources, Structure, function deficiency of fat soluble vitamins
AI.13	AI.13.1 Define chemical nature and classification of enzymes
	AI.13.2 Discuss oxidoreductases
	AI.13.3 Define Mechanism of action of enzymes.
	AI.13.4 Discuss factors affecting rate of enzyme action
	AI.13.5 Explain enzyme specificity
	AI.13.6 Describe Enzyme inhibition
	AI.13.7 Define Enzyme units
	AI.13.8 Discuss regulation of enzyme activity
	AI.13.9 Define isoenzymes
	AI.13.10 Discuss coenzymes
AI.14	AI.14.1 Describe DNA organization
	- Explain structure of chromatin and chromosomes
	Explain structure of chromatin and chromosomes
	Describe Levels of DNA packing (nucleosomes - higher level of organization)
	AI.14.2 Define genetic terminology (gene- genome)
	ALITA Define generic terminology (gene- generic)

- AI.14.3 Describe human genome project (HGP)
- AI.14.4 Describe DNA replication (steps, types and character of DNA polymerases,
- AI.14.5 Recognize Types and functions of proteins responsible for DNA replication
- AI.14.6 Define replisome and primosome
- AI.14.7 Discuss post replication modification of DNA
- AI.14.8 Study mutation (def, effect, causes, classification, clinical application)
- AI.14.9 Study heamoglobinopathies (normal heamoglobin, sickle cell disease, thalassemia)
- AI.14.10 Discuss DNA repair (mismatch repair- base excision repair- nucleotide excision repair)
- AI.14.11 Recognize transcription (required materials transcription unit structure, steps, post transcription modification and antibiotic inhibitors)
- AI.14.12 post transcription modification (mRNA- tRNA- rRNA)
- AI.14.13 define RNA polymerase enzyme, Reverse transcriptase
- AI.14.14 Describe telomeres and telomerase
- AI.14.15 Discuss genetic code and characteristics of genetic codons
- AI.14.16 Discuss protein synthesis (steps, requirements steps- post translation modification and inhibitors of protein synthesis)
- AI.14.17 Describe post translation modification
- AI.14.18 Discuss regulation of gene expression
 - At the level of gene
 - At the level of transcription
 - At the level of RNA
 - At the level of translation
- AI.14.19 Discuss Recombinant DNA technology= genetic engenering(mechanism, practical application)
- AI.14. 20 Define vectors
- AI.14.21 Describe DNA amplification techniques
 - DNA cloning

	Polymerase chain reaction
	AI.14.22 Describe molecular analysis of diseases
	AI.14.23 Describe techniques in molecular biology
	DNA sequencing
	Blotting techniques
	DNA microarray (DNA chips)
	AI.14.24 Discuss biochemistry of cancer (carcinogenesis)
AI.15	AI.15.1 Discuss functions of major intracellular organelles (Nuclues- mitochonderia-cytosol-
	lysosome- peroxisome- golgi apparatus- endoplasmic reticulum)
	AI.15.2 Explain Strucue of biological membrane (plasma membrane – RBCs membrane)
AI.16	AI.16.1 Discuss apoptosis (def,mechanism and importance)
	AI.16.2 Define cell cycle (phases, control, cell cycle checkpoints and restriction point0

B- Intellectual skills

BI.1	Point-out the application of molecular biology in basic and clinical sciences.
BI.2	Interpret symptoms, signs and biochemical laboratory findings of vitamins deficiency
	diseases
BI.3	Interpret the clinical significance of determination of plasma levels of glucose, total proteins, SGOT, SGPT, bilirubin, albumin, cholesterol, TG, creatinine and uric acid
BI.4	Diagnose the type of abnormality of pathological glucose tolerance curve

C-Professional/practical skills

CI.1	Identify laboratory reagents and instruments used in biochemistry laboratory
CI.2	Perform colorimetric estimation of some blood parametars (serum levels of glucose, total
	proteins, albumin, bilirubin, GPT, GOT, alkaline phosphatase, cholesterol, TG, creatinine and uric acid).

CI.3	Perform urine analysis (Identify the physiological variations of physical and chemical
	characters of normal urine and performing chemical tests to detect abnormal
	constituents of urine).
CI.4	Perform DNA extraction and visualisation by agarose gel electrophoresis.
CI.5	Perform electrophoresis .
CI.6	Estimate the risks of handling and use of chemical agents on community and
	environment as a part of their ethical heritage and consequently implement the standard
	guidelines of chemist and environmental safety.
CI.7	Perform different aspects of the physical chemistry

D-Communication & Transferable skills

DI.1	To be able to work effectively in a group in lab or during preparation of seminars
DI.2	To respect the role of staff and co-staff members regardless of degree or occupation.
DI.3	To be able to use computer and IT.
DI.4	To be able to search in database

(3)Course content:

A. lectures:

Subjects	NO. of hours	
Module 1		
1.Carbohydrate chemistry	4	
2. Lipid chemistry	5	
3. Protein chemistry	3	
4. Purine & pyrimidine chemistry &	5	
metabolism		
5. Physical chemistry	3	
6. Molecular biology & recombinant DNA	15	

7. Vitamins& enzymes	6
8. Basic knowledge of Cell cycle &	3
apoptosis.	
1	Module 2
1.Carbohydrate metabolism.	10
2. Lipid metabolism	10
3. General protein metabolism	4
4 Individual amino acid Metabolism	6
5. Principles of Heme metabolism	2
6. Metabolic interrelation & minerals	4
7. Mechanism of hormonal action	4
8.Basic function of Cell organelles &	2
structure of biological membrane	
9. Biological oxidation &Xenobiotic	4
metabolism	
Total teaching hours	90

B. Log book activities.

Subjects	NO. of hours
A. practical:	
1 Identification of laboratory reagents and instruments.Guidelines of work in research lab. safety& ethical	4
code. Methods of searching in database & information technology.	
2 Colorimetric estimation of : Serum glucose level Serum total proteins level	3

Serum albumin level	3
Serum bilirubin level	3
Serum GPT level	3
Serum GOT level	
Serum alkaline phosphatase level	3
Serum cholesterol level	3
Serum TG level	3
Serum creatinine level	3
Serum uric acid level	3
	3
	3
3 Urine analysis	5
4 DNA extraction and visualisation by agarose gel	5
electrophoresis	
5 Electrophoresis	4
6 Estimation of the risks of handling and use of chemica	4
agents on community and environment	
7 Physical chemistry	5
Total teaching hours	2 credit hr practical =60 contact hrs

(3) Teaching methods.

- 4.1. Lecture
- **4.2.** Practical class
- 4.3. Small group discussion with case study and problem solving
- 4.4. Tutorial
- 4.5. Seminars
- **4.6.** Workshops

(4) Assessment methods:

- 5.1: MCQ Examination for assessment of knowledge and intellectual ILOs
- 5.2: Written Examination for assessment of knowledge and intellectual ILOs
- **5.3. Structured Oral examination for assessment of** knowledge and intellectual and transferable ILOs

- **5.4. OSPE Practical examination for assessment of** knowledge intellectual, practical and transferable ILOs
- **5.5.** Log book for activities for assessment of : mainly for assessment of practical & transferrable skills which are accepted through attending different conferences, thesis discussions, seminars, workshops, attending scientific lectures as well as self learning.
- **5.6.** The supervisor require certain lab tests or exam that are evaluated and signed by the supervisors in the log book (without marks).
- 5.7. seminars. the candidate should prepare and present at least one seminar in a topic related to the course and determined by the supervisors in front of the department staff (without marks).

Assessment schedule.

• after 12 month from MR registration (written, oral and practical exam with marks)

Percentage of each Assessment to the total mark.

Tools	Marks	Percentage of the total mark
Medical Biochemistry & Molecular Biology (Basic level I)		
***		122/
Written exam	144	40%
MCQ exam	36	10%
Oral exam	60	16.6%
Practical exam	60	16.6%

Other types of assessment

• Log book required activities to go through 2ndpart examination.

Other assessment without marks.

- Practical tests and/or exam as well as the seminar throughout the course and lab rotation (without marks).
- The candidate should prepare and present at least one seminar in atopic related to the course and determined by the supervisors in front of the department staff (without marks)

(5) References of the course.

6.1. Hand books.

• Medical biochemistry department (student book)

6.2. Text books:

- Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry. 30th edition by Murray RK, Granner DK, Mayes PA, Rodwell VW, McGraw-Hill companies New York, 2015.
- Lippincott's Reviews of Biochemistry, 6th edition by Champe PC, Harvey RA, Ferrier DR, Lippincott William & Wilkins London, 2014.
- Textbooks of Medical Biochemistry, 7th edition by Chatterjea MN. and Shinde R. JAYPEE BROTHERS. New Delhi, India, 2007.
- Text book of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations 5th Ed, Devlin TM Ed.Wiley –Liss New York 2002
- Zilva Clinical Chemistry & Metabolic Medicine, 7th edition, Crook MA, Hodder Arnold, London, 2006
- Multiple Choice Questions in Biochemistry :2nd edition, by RC Gupta, JAYPEE BROTHERS. New Delhi, India, 2004.
- Case Files Biochemistry :2nd edition, by TOY SEIFERT STROBEL HARMS, McGraw Hill, USA, 2008.

6.3. Websites.http://www.medlib.iupui.edu/ref/biochem.htm

- The Biology Project (from the University of Arizona): http://www.biology.arizona.edu/default.html
- Harvard Department of Molecular & Cellular Biology Links: http://mcb.harvard.edu/BioLinks.html

(7) Facilities and resources mandatory for course completion.

- Lecture rooms: available in the department
- Laboratories: The Department has 3 laboratories for research with a wide range of instrumentation that is available for training and research.
 - library
 - Computer laboratories with a wide range of software

• Intranet with a wide range of learning support material

Course coordinator:

Staff members of credit committee of the department

Head of the department.

Prof.Dr/FagrBazeed

Date: 1/11/2015