



Psychiatry Related to Andrology & STDs

COURSE SPECIFICATION

MD Andrology and Sexually transmitted infections

Faculty of Medicine-Mansoura University

(A) Administrative information

(1) Programme offering the course:	MD Andrology and Sexually transmitted infections
(2) Department offering the programme:	Dermatology, Andrology and STDs
(3) Department responsible for teaching the course:	Dermatology, Andrology and STDs
(4) Part of the programme:	first part
(5) Date of approval by the Department's council	3/4/2016
(6) Date of last approval of programme specification by Faculty council	9/8/2016
(7) Course title:	Psychiatry Related to Andrology & STDs
(8) Course code:	ANDRO 615 PS
(9) Total teaching hours:	15
(10) Credit hours	1

(B) Professional information

(1) Course Aims:

The broad aims of the course are as follows:

1- Provides the student with detailed and advanced knowledge about **Psychiatry** related to the field of Andrology and Sexually transmitted infections

(2) Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):

Intended learning outcomes (ILOs); Are four main categories: knowledge & understanding to be gained, intellectual qualities, professional/practical and transferable skills.

On successful completion of the course, the candidate will be able to:

A- Knowledge and Understanding

- A 1-Recognize different aspects of the following:
 - 1. Stages of Psychosexual development
 - 2. Theories of development of Human Sexuality
 - 3. Interrelations among Gender, Gender Identity, and Sexuality
 - 4. Sexual Orientation

A 2- Explain the following:

- a. Principles of psychosomatic medicine
- b. Paraphilia and Paraphilia-Related Disorders
- c. Sexual Addiction
 - i. Aversion therapy.
 - ii. Sexual counseling
 - iii. Counseling of infertile male.
- A3- Discuss different types of psychosexual therapy:
 - i. Sex Therapy.

- ii. Behavioral therapy.
- iii. Couple therapy.
- iv. Re-orientation therapy.

B- Intellectual skills:

- B 1- Plan a strategy for management of sexual addiction.
- B2- Summarize different Theories of development of Human Sexuality
- B3- Compare between different types of psychosexual therapy:
 - v. Sex Therapy.
 - vi. Behavioral therapy.
 - vii. Couple therapy.
 - viii. Re-orientation therapy.

(3) Course content:

Subjects	Teaching Hours
1. Psychosexual development	1
2. Theories of Human Sexuality	1
3. Gender, Gender Identity, and Sexuality	1
4. Sexual Orientation and Identity	1
5. Principles of psychosomatic medicine	1
6. Paraphilia and Paraphilia-Related Disorders	2
7. Sexual Addiction	1
8. Principles of Sex Therapy.	1
9. Behavioral therapy.	1
10.Couple therapy.	1
11.Re-orientation therapy.	1
12. Aversion therapy.	1
13.Sexual counseling	1

14. Counseling of infertile male.

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(4) Teaching methods:

4.1: Lectures

4.2: Workshops

4.3: Grand meetings

4.4: Specialty conferences

(5) Assessment methods:

5.1: Written exams for assessment of knowledge and intellectual ILOS

(6) Assessment schedule:

MCQ Exam at the end of the semester (one semester after MD registration)
Final Written exam Assessment after one semester after MD registration

(7) Percentage of each Assessment to the total mark:

MCQ Exam 20 % = 20 marks.

Final Written exam 80% = 80 marks.

(8) References of the course:

6.1: Hand books: Department staff handouts

- 6.2: Text books: Andrology: Male Reproductive Health and Dysfunction, E. Nieschlag, H.M. Behre and S. Nieschlag (Editors) 2009, Springer; 3rd ed. Edition, sexology Advances in Sexual Medicine (Ibrahim A. Abdel-Hamid ,Editor) Research Signpost (2009) Standard practice in sexual medicine (Hartmut porst editor). Blackwell publishing 2006.
- The Guidebook of Sexual Medicine . Waguih William ishak editor, A&W Publishing (2008)

6.3: Journals: human andrology,

6.1: Websites: www.iasstdaids.org, www.telemedicine.org/std ,and

ijsa.rsmjournals.com

- (9) Facilities and resources mandatory for course completion:
 - 1- Fully Equipped Lecture halls
 - **2- Department library**
 - **3- Faculty library**

Course coordinator:

Prof. Samir Elhanbaly, MD

Chairman of the department:

Prof. Ibrahim A. Abdel-Hamid, MD

Date: 3/4/2016