مقارنة ما يقدمه البرنامج من نتائج تعليمية مستهدفة مع المعايير المرجعية لبرنامج المربعية لبرنامج الدين المرجعية لبرنامج

أ - المعرفة والفهم:

المقررات التي تحقق المعايير الأكاديمية للبرامج	ILOs مخرجات التعلم المستهدفة	(ARS) Benchmark المعايير الأكاديمية لجامعة THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH	(NARS) المعايير القومية الأكاديمية القياسية العامة لبرامج قطاع الدراسات العليا (درجة الماجستير الدكتوراة في طب وجراحة العيون
Anatomy and Embryology of the eye OPHT 622 AE Physiology of the eye OPHT 622 PE Optics OPHT 622 OE Ophalmic Pathology OPHT 622 PA Microbiology & Immunology of the eye OPHT 607 OPHT 607 OPHT 622 MI Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS	A 1-14	State the recent advances in the field of ophthalmology and apply this knowledge in disease management Be developing an ability to interpret investigations appropriately according to the limitations of the tests and their context	1) Theories, concepts and specialized knowledge of the learning area and also sciences appropriate to the professional practice.
Optics OPHT 622 OE Ophalmic Pathology OPHT 622 PA Microbiology & Immunology of the eye OPHT 607 OPHT 622 MI Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery	A 3-12	Trainees must also demonstrate their involvement in research, at least by providing evidence of their capability critically to review new developments and research findings in science and medicine as they apply to ophthalmology. It is preferable that they also make their own contribution to the advancement of scientific knowledge through presentations (for example, at the RCOphth Annual Congress and meetings of the Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology) and/or through publications in peer- reviewed journals	2) Mutual influence between professional practice and its impacts on the environment.
OPHT 622 OS Optics OPHT 622 OE Ophalmic Pathology OPHT 622 PA Microbiology & Immunology	A 3-12		3) Scientific developments in the field of specialization

of the eye			
OPHT 607			
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic			
Medicine			
OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic			
Surgery			
OPHT 622 OS	A 3-12	By the end of the program the graduate	4) Moral and legal ethics of the
Optics	A 3-12	should have acquired knowledge in the	professional practice in the area of
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ		following areas:	specialization.
Ophalmic Pathology		i. Anatomy - of the eye, adnexae, visual pathways and associated aspects of	specialization.
		head, neck and neuro anatomy. This includes aspects of embryology,	
OPHT 622 PA		anatomy in childhood and during	
Microbiology & Immunology		ageing. It extends to applied anatomy relevant to clinical methods of	
of the eye		assessment and investigation (e.g.	
OPHT 607		radiography, MRI). ii. Physiology - of the eye, adnexae and	
ОРНТ 622 МІ		nervous system, including related general physiology (its laws and	
Ophthalmic		phenomena). This extends to the	
Medicine		organisation, function, mechanism of action, regulation and adaptations of	
OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic		structures and their component tissues	
Surgery OPHT 622 OS		relevant to clinical methods of assessment (e.g. acuity, visual fields,	
01111 022 05		electrodiagnostics, intraocular pressure).	
		iii. Optics and ultrasonics - including the application of physical, geometric and	
		physiological optics to clinical management and an appreciation of the	
		principles of instrumentation and	
		clinical practice in these areas. iv. Pathology - especially the specialist	
		pathology of the eye, adnexae and visual	
		system but within a relevant general pathological context. This includes	
		histopathology, microbiology and	
		immunology and their inter- relationships (e.g. in the	
		immunocompromised patient).	
		v. Clinical Science - embracing all aspects of the medicine, therapeutics and surgery	
		of the eye, adnexae and visual pathways,	
		and including interactions with systemic disease and its management and in the	
		context of relevant general aspects of surgery and medicine. There is emphasis	
		on multi-system disease and visual	
		impairment in the context of other co- morbidities. For specific diseases,	
		knowledge is expected concerning	
		aetiology (including pathogenesis, genetics and interactions with patients'	
		physical and social environment),	
		clinical manifestations, investigation, diagnosis, management (including	
		pharmacological, surgical etc.) and	
		prevention, and including management of visual impairment generally. The	
		depth of knowledge in the various subspecialty areas should reflect the	
		epidemiology of the condition (the	
		'burden of disease' to society and its significance to the patient). For topical	
		ophthalmic drugs, in-depth knowledge	
		of their modes of action and delivery, and means of eye penetration, will be	
		expected together with their potential	
		adverse toxic, allergic and systemic effects and their prevention.	
		vi. Health Service Management - including	
		the political and economic context of patient care, the role of constituent and associated	
		agencies and relevant senior personnel roles	

in the organisation. Through their
progressive experience and self-directed
learning, trainees will have acquired a
variety of clinical skills during BST, not
least:
i. Guiding the severely visually impaired
with confidence (to a seat etc.)
ii. Taking and recording a directed
ophthalmological history after establishing a
good rapport with the patient and relatives.
iii. Undertaking a directed ophthalmological
examination and recording and interpreting
the physical signs elicited.
iv. Ordering appropriate investigations,
whilst avoiding unnecessary tests.
v. Formulating (at least for common
conditions) a definitive ophthalmological
diagnosis.
vi. Prescribing appropriate local and
systemic therapy including antibiotics, anti-
virals, steroids, mydriatics and analgesics.
vii. Determining the progress of disease or
response to treatment or surgery against
baseline parameters or that expected through
wound healing etc.
Recognising and appropriately managing
both local and systemic complications of
treatment.
ii. Preventing contagion and cross infection
through sterilisation/disinfection of hands
and instruments and adopting measures to
reduce the emergence of resistant
microorganisms.
iii. Communicating effectively with other
professionals e.g. through succinct
summaries of cases seen, reports, letters and
teaching presentations.
iv. Understanding occupational visual
standards and visual standards for driving,
and appropriately referring patients for
provision of low vision aids, blind
rehabilitation and blind registration.
v. Liaising with more senior colleagues and
other members of the multidisciplinary team,
social services, hospital management etc.
of the second
In addition to the above, to have developed
proficiency in the following:
i. Assessment of vision including distance
acuity using Snellen test types and objective
and subjective refraction, reading vision,
colour vision using Ishihara plates and
confrontation visual fields (monocular,
binocular and red).
ii. Undertaking a complete external eye
examination including assessment of eye
movements, the palpebral aperture and
levator excursions.
iii. Slit lamp biomicroscopy including the
use of stains, local anaesthesia etc.
iv. Examination of the pupils including
swinging flashlight test.
v. Pharmacological tests for Horner's
Syndrome and Adie's pupil.
vi. Fundus examination including the use of
the direct ophthalmoscope, indirect
ophthalmoscope and slit lamp
biomicroscopy with diagnostic contact
lenses and non-contact lenses.
vii. Undertaking a directed general medical
and neurological examination.
viii. Undertaking a directed pre-operative
assessment for general or local anaesthesia
including venesection, cannulation and set-
up of intravenous infusions.
ix. Obtaining informed consent from the
patient according to GMC guidelines.
x. Achieving topical, peribulbar, retrobulbar,
sub-tenon's or other regional anaesthesia,
sub-tenon's or other regional anaesthesia,
sub-tenon's or other regional anaesthesia, and recognising complications of such

		subconjunctivally and in the sub-tenon's space and orbital floor. xii. Use of the operating microscope including its set-up and appreciation of the dangers of photic maculopathy. xiii. Sterile and no-touch aseptic techniques. xiv. Basic microsurgical skills including incisions, tissue handling and haemostasis, instrument set-up, instrument handling and suturing/wound closure. xv. Safe use of ophthalmic lasers. xvi. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (basic life support).	
Optics	A 3-12		5) The concepts and principles of quality of the professional
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ			practice in the area of
Ophalmic Pathology			specialization.
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology			
of the eye			
ОРНТ 607			
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
			6) The basics and ethics of
			scientific research.

ب - القدرات الذهنية :

المقررات التي تحقق المعايير الأكاديمية للبرامج	مخرجات التعلم المستهدفة ILOs	(ARS) Benchmark المعايير الأكاديمية لجامعة THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH	(NARS) المعايير القومية الأكاديمية القياسية العامة لبرامج قطاع الدراسات العليا (درجة <u>الدكتوراة فى طب وجراحة</u> <u>العيون</u>
Optics OPHT 622 OE Ophalmic Pathology OPHT 622 PA Microbiology & Immunology of the eye OPHT 607 OPHT 622 MI Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery	A 3-12	Be developing a capacity to formulate a relevant differential diagnosis, to choose an appropriate management strategy from the options available and to plan and implement that strategy.	1) Analyze and evaluate of information in the field of specialization and make full use of such information to solve problems.
OPHT 622 OS Optics OPHT 622 OE	A 3-12	Be developing a capacity to formulate a relevant differential diagnosis, to choose an appropriate management strategy	2) Solve specific problems on the basis of limited and contradictory

		from the options available and to	
Ophalmic Pathology		plan and implement that strategy.	information.
ОРНТ 622 РА		Be aware of the limits of their own knowledge and have insight	
Microbiology & Immunology of		into their own difficulty in	
the eye		understanding complex interactions.	
ОРНТ 607			
ОРНТ 622 МІ			
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	A 3-12		3) Demonstrate a high level of
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ			competence in the coordination of different sources of knowledge to
Ophalmic Pathology			solve professional problems
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
ОРНТ 607			
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic Medicine			
OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic			
Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	A 3-12		4) Carry out a research study and /
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ			or writing a scientific methodology study on research problem.
Ophalmic Pathology			, I
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
ОРНТ 607			
ОРНТ 622 МІ			
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	A 3-12		5) Assess and analyze risks of the
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ			professional practice in the field of specialization.
Ophalmic Pathology			1
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of the eye			
ОРНТ 607 ОРНТ 622 МІ			
Ophthalmic			
Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic			
- r			

Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics			6) Plan to improve performance in
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ			the field of specialization
Ophalmic Pathology			
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
ОРНТ 607			
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	A 3-12	Ordering appropriate investigations, whilst avoiding	7) Make career decisions in different
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ		unnecessary tests	professional aspects
Ophalmic Pathology			
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
OPHT 607			
ОРНТ 622 МІ			
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			

ج - المهارات العملية:

المقررات التي تحقق المعايير الأكاديمية للبرامج	مخرجات التعلم المستهدفة ILOs	(ARS) Benchmark المعايير الأكاديمية لجامعة THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH	(NARS) المعايير القومية الأكاديمية القياسية العامة لبرامج قطاع الدراسات العليا (درجة <u>الدكتوراة في طب وجراحة</u> <u>العيون</u>
Optics	B 2-7	Through their progressive	1) Apply modern and principle
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ	C 2-9	experience and self-directed learning, trainees will have	professional skills in the area of specialization.
Ophalmic Pathology		acquired a variety of clinical skills during BST, not least.	
ОРНТ 622 РА		i. Guiding the severely visually impaired with confidence (to a	
Microbiology & Immunology of		seat etc.)	
the eye		ii. Taking and recording a	
ОРНТ 607		directed ophthalmological history after establishing a good	
OPHT 622 MI		rapport with the patient and	
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery		relatives. iii. Undertaking a directed ophthalmological examination and recording and interpreting	

	1		
OPHT 622 OS		the physical signs elicited.	
		iv. Ordering appropriate	
		investigations, whilst avoiding	
		unnecessary tests.	
		v. Formulating (at least for	
		common conditions) a definitive	
		ophthalmological diagnosis.	
		vi. Prescribing appropriate local	
		and systemic therapy including	
		antibiotics, anti-virals, steroids,	
		mydriatics and analgesics.	
		vii. Determining the progress of	
		disease or response to treatment	
		or surgery against baseline	
		parameters or that expected	
		through wound healing etc.	
		In addition to the above, to have developed proficiency in the	
		following:	
		i. Assessment of vision	
		including distance acuity using Snellen test types and	
		objective and subjective	
		refraction, reading vision,	
		colour vision using Ishihara plates and confrontation	
		visual fields (monocular,	
		binocular and red).	
		ii. Undertaking a complete external eye examination	
		including assessment of eye	
		movements, the palpebral	
		aperture and levator excursions.	
		iii. Slit lamp biomicroscopy	
		including the use of stains,	
		local anaesthesia etc. iv. Examination of the	
		pupils including swinging	
		flashlight test.	
		v. Pharmacological tests for Horner's Syndrome and	
		Adie's pupil.	
		vi. Fundus examination	
		including the use of the direct ophthalmoscope,	
		indirect ophthalmoscope	
		and slit lamp biomicroscopy	
		with diagnostic contact lenses and non-contact	
		lenses.	
		vii. Undertaking a directed	
		general medical and neurological examination.	
		viii. Undertaking a directed	
		pre-operative assessment for	
		general or local anaesthesia including venesection,	
		cannulation and set-up of	
		intravenous infusions.	
		ix. Obtaining informed consent from the patient	
		according to GMC	
		guidelines.	
		x. Achieving topical, peribulbar, retrobulbar, sub-	
		tenon's or other regional	
		anaesthesia, and recognising	
		complications of such	
		anaesthesia. xi. Administration of	
		steroids or other drugs	
		subconjunctivally and in the	
		sub-tenon's space and orbital floor.	
		xii. Use of the operating	
		microscope including its	

		set-up and appreciation of the dangers of photic maculopathy. xiii. Sterile and no-touch aseptic techniques. xiv. Basic microsurgical skills including incisions, tissue handling and haemostasis, instrument set- up, instrument handling and suturing/wound closure. xv. Safe use of ophthalmic lasers. xvi. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (basic life support).	
Optics OPHT 622 OE	B 2-7 C 2-9	Taking and recording a directed ophthalmological history after establishing a good report with the patient and relatives	2) Write and evaluate technical reports.
Ophalmic Pathology			
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
OPHT 607			
OPHT 622 MI Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	B 2-7	Ordering appropriate investigations, whilst avoiding	3) Adopt assessment methods
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ	C 2-9	unnecessary tests	and tools existing in the area of specialization
Ophalmic Pathology			
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
OPHT 607			
OPHT 622 MI Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			

المقررات التى تحقق المعايير الأكاديمية للبرامج	مخرجات التعلم المستهدفة ILOs	(ARS) Benchmark المعايير الأكاديمية لجامعة THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH	(NARS) المعايير القومية الأكاديمية القياسية العامة لبرامج قطاع الدراسات العليا (درجة <u>الدكتوراة فى طب وجراحة</u> <u>العيون)</u>
Optics OPHT 622 OE	D 1-6		1) Communicate effectively in different aspects.
Ophalmic Pathology			

	1		
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
OPHT 607			
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic			
Medicine OPHT 622 OM			
Ophthalmic			
Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	D 1-6		2) Demonstrate efficient IT
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ			capabilities in such a way that serves in the development of the
Ophalmic Pathology			professional practice.
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
OPHT 607			
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic			
Medicine OPHT 622 OM			
Ophthalmic Surgery			
OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	D 1-6	To promote an appreciation among SHOs of the importance	3) Adopt self-assessment and specify his needs of personal
OPHT 622 OE		of continuing self-learning, knowledge reinforcement and	learning.
Ophalmic Pathology		audit to their expert and effective	
ОРНТ 622 РА		service to patients in the future.	
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
OPHT 607			
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic			
Medicine OPHT 622 OM			
Ophthalmic			
Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	D 1-6	Have demonstrated their information technology skills,	4) Use different resources for information and knowledge
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ		including the use of IT in	information and knowledge.
Ophalmic Pathology		communication and data handling. A proven ability to	
OPHT 622 PA		search for and retrieve information from conventional	
Microbiology & Immunology of		and electronic sources, including	
the eye		the internet and Medline, is	
OPHT 607		important.	
OPHT 622 MI			
Ophthalmic			
Medicine OPHT 622 OM			
Ophthalmic			
Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
	1		

	D 1-6	Have demonstrated their	5) Establish rules and indicators for
Optics		management skills (e.g. unit	assessing the performance of others.
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ		administration, understanding budgets, organising meetings	
Ophalmic Pathology		etc.).	
ОРНТ 622 РА			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
ОРНТ 607 ОРНТ 622 MI			
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	D 1-6		6) Collaborate effectively within
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ			multidisciplinary team and lead
Ophalmic Pathology			teams in different professional contexts.
OPHT 622 PA			
Microbiology & Immunology of			
the eye			
ОРНТ 607			
ОРНТ 622 МІ			
Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery			
OPHT 622 OS	D16	Communications offerstingly with	
Optics	D 1-6	Communicating effectively with other professionals e.g. through	7) Demonstrate a high level of competence in the time
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ		succinct summaries of cases seen, reports, letters and teaching	management.
Ophalmic Pathology		presentations.	
ОРНТ 622 РА		Liaising with more senior	
Microbiology & Immunology of		colleagues and other members of	
the eye		the multidisciplinary team, social services, hospital management	
OPHT 607		etc.	
OPHT 622 MI Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS			
Optics	D 1-6	Professional Attitudes and	8) Continuous self-education.
ОРНТ 622 ОЕ		Conduct: In addition to the above, to have	
Ophalmic Pathology		developed a style of care which is.	
ОРНТ 622 РА		1) Humane (especially	
Microbiology & Immunology of		compassion in 'breaking bad news' and of the visually	
the eye		impaired, and recognition of the	
ОРНТ 607		impact of the patient and society.)	
OPHT 622 MI		2) Reflective (including	

Ophthalmic Medicine OPHT 622 OM Ophthalmic Surgery OPHT 622 OS	recognition of the limits of his/her understanding.) 3) Ethical (e.g. in relation to rationing issues, truth-telling and information.) 4) Integrative (especially involvement in the inter- disciplinary of children, the handicapped and the elderly.) 5) Scientific (e.g. critical appraisal of the scientific literature, practice and use of information technology and statistics
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