

Mansoura University  
Faculty of Science  
Chemistry Department

Educational Year: First level

Program: Chemistry & Biochemistry

Time: 2 hours

Course: Chem 121

Date: 2009

Total mark: 60

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Answer FOUR of the following questions

(5 marks for a; b or c)

- 1- a) Nitrogen reacts with oxygen to form  $\text{NO}_2$ . If 8 g of  $\text{N}_2$  reacts with 7.5 g of  $\text{O}_2$ , calculate the amount of  $\text{NO}_2$ . (At. Weights; N = 14; O = 16)
- b) Draw Lewis structure for the following: ONF,  $\text{CO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{BF}_4^-$   
(At. No.; O = 8, N = 7, F = 9, C = 6, B = 5)
- c) Which bond is more polar? i) N-O or C-O, ii) S-F or O-F
- 2- a) Calculate the wavelength (nm) of the line of Na when its last electron jumps to its fifth level. ( $R = 109678 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ )
- b) Calculate the four quantum numbers for the last three electrons in Cl (At. No. = 17)
- c) How many grams of oxygen ( $\text{O}_2$ ) are needed to burn 5.6 g  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$  according to its balanced equation?
- 3- a) A compound containing by mass 40% C, 6.71% H and 53.3% O. What is the Empirical formula of this compound? A 0.32 mol sample of this compound weighs 28.8 g. What is the molecular formula of this compound?
- b) Calculate the number of atoms of Fe in 0.89 g of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
- c) On the basis of molecular orbital theory (MOT), comment on the following: i)  $\text{C}_2$  is paramagnetic while  $\text{N}_2$  is diamagnetic  
ii)  $\text{O}_2$  is more stable than  $\text{O}_2^-$
- 4- a) How many ml's of 0.2 M  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  are needed to react with 12 ml of 0.55 M  $\text{FeCl}_3$
- b) On the basis of VSEPR, predict the shape of the following:  $\text{SCl}_2$ ,  $\text{XeF}_4$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  (At. No.: S=16, Cl=17, Xe=54, F=9, N=7, H=1)
- c) Write the electronic configuration of Cu (z=29) and deduce if it is stable and calculate the four quantum numbers of the last electron in  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ .
- 5- a) Draw the resonance structure for  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{CO}_3^-$
- b) What hybrid orbitals would be expected for the central atom in the following:  $\text{CH}_4$   $\text{BeCl}_2$   $\text{SF}_6$   
(At. No: C = 6, H = 1, Be = 4, Cl = 17, S = 16, F = 9)
- c) Comment on the basis of MOT i) Bond order of  $\text{He}_2$  is zero  
ii)  $\text{NO}^+$  is more stable than NO.

Examiners: Prof Dr Ahmed Fawzy El-Asmy & Prof Dr Magdy Bekhiet

امتحان دور مايو 2009م  
الفرقة الأولى - المستوى الأول: برامج\*  
الزمن: ساعتان - التاريخ: 2009/5/27  
الدرجة الكلية: 80 درجة



جامعة المنصورة  
كلية العلوم - قسم الرياضيات  
المادة: رياضيات أساسية  
تفاضل وتكامل (112)

\*برامج: كيمياء - وكيمياء ونبات - ميكروبيولوجي - كيمياء حيوي - جيوفيزياء - جيولوجيا - كيمياء وحيوان - علوم البيئة

### أجب عن الأسئلة الآتية

السؤال الأول: (20 درجة - 5 درجات لكل جزء)

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

(أ) أوجد مجال تعريف ومدى الدالة

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2x-5}$$

(ب) أوجد معكوس الدالة

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[ \frac{2}{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{1-x} \right]$$

(ج) أوجد النهاية

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^x - 1}{x}$$

(د) أوجد النهاية

السؤال الثاني: (20 درجة)

[6]

$$y = \frac{(1+x)^5 \sqrt{x^3+2}}{(x-1)^3(x^2+1)}$$

(أ) أوجد  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  ، إذا كانت

[6]

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 4 & x \neq 2 \\ x - 2 & \\ A & x = 2 \end{cases}$$

(ب) أوجد قيمة الثابت  $A$  ، بحيث تكون الدالة

[8]

(ج) أوجد معادلتَي المماس والعمودي للمنحنى  $y = f(x) = \sqrt{2x+1}$  عند النقطة  $(4,3)$ .

السؤال الثالث: (20 درجة - 5 درجات لكل جزء):

أوجد المشتقة الأولى  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  لكل من الدوال الآتية:

$$\cos(xy) = y^2 + x \quad (\text{ب})$$

$$y = \text{sech}(\cos^{-1} 2x) \quad (\text{أ})$$

$$y = x^{\sec x} \quad (\text{ع})$$

$$y = 2 \ln(\cot t), \quad x = \tan t + t^3 \quad (\text{ج})$$

السؤال الرابع: (20 درجة - 5 درجات لكل جزء):

احسب التكاملات الآتية:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{9-x^2}}{x^2} dx \quad (\text{ب})$$

$$\int_1^2 \frac{x^3 - 3x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x}} dx \quad (\text{أ})$$

$$\int \frac{2x-8}{x^2-3x} dx \quad (\text{د})$$

$$\int x e^{5x} dx \quad (\text{ج})$$

Academic Level: First Level  
Time: 2 Hours  
Subject: Electricity & Magnetism & Optics  
Full Mark: 60 Marks

Program: Geo&Chem Zool&,Bio  
Chem,Bot,Enviro,Chem  
Date: 6 June. 09  
Courses: Physics 102

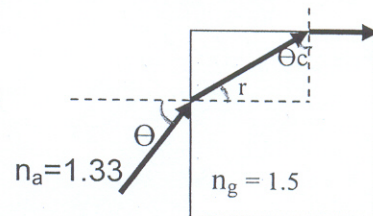
**Answer the Following Questions**

[1] a- Define the following terms: i - Refractive index , ii - Dispersive power, iii - wave front, iv - vergence , v - numerical aperture of optical fibers. **[5] Mark**

b- Through the electro static course, you obtained the electric field at a point located at a distance  $r$  from a positive point charge ( $Q$ ) by different ways .Explain three methods of them in detail. **[10] Mark**

[2] a- Lens aberration is a problem facing the use of lenses. Explain how it occurs and the way to correct it. **[5] Mark**

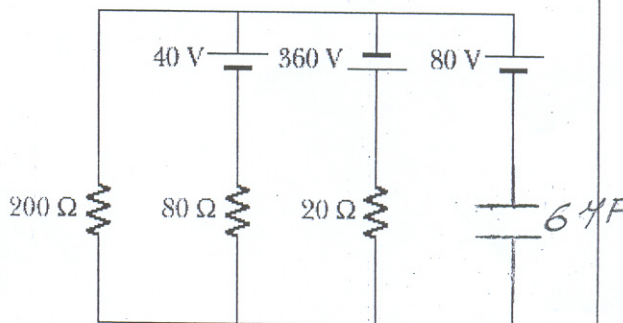
b- Explain how Pulfrich Refractometer can be used to measure the refractive indices of solids and liquids. **[5] Mark**



c- For the configuration and the data shown in the figure , use Snell's law of refraction to find the incidence angle  $\theta$  . **[5] Mark**

[3] a- Calculate the net torque  $\tau$  on an electric dipole placed in a uniform electric field  $E$  ,where the dipole moment makes an angle  $\theta$  with the field. **[5] Mark**

b- In the circuit shown, determine the current in each resistor, after a long time of operation, and the energy stored in the capacitor. **[10] Mark**



[4] a- Define the following terms: i - Coulombs force, ii - Electric field, iii - Electric potential and electric potential energy difference, iv -Equipotential surface, v - Electric flux ,vi - Dielectric constant **[7] Mark**

b- An insulating sphere of radius  $a$  has a uniform charge density  $\rho$  and a total positive charge  $Q$  .Calculate the electric field at a point outside the sphere ( $r \geq a$ ) , and at a point inside the sphere ( $r < a$ ) . Comment on your answer **[8] Mark**

Examiners: 1- Prof. Dr. Fikry Reicha

2- Prof Dr. Maher Eltonsy

3- Dr. Mohamed Mansour

4-. Dr.Mohamed Kabeel

5-Dr. Hesham Gomaa

6- Dr Abd-Elkareem Abu Elwafa

7- Dr. Nabil Kinawy

ANSWER FIVE QUESTIONS ONLY ; ILLUSTRATE YOURS ANSWERS WITH EQUATIONS . EACH QUESTION FIVE MARKS.

Question One : Show how you could prepare each of the following :

- a – Acetone from dichloropropane .
- b – Ethanol from ethyl amine .
- c - Salicylic acid from phenol .
- d - t-Butyl alcohol from acetone .
- e –Benzaldehyde from salts of acids .

Question Two : Write the chemical equations and structural formulas of the products obtained from the following :

- a – Ozonolysis of methyl propene.
- b – Nitration of m- dichlorobenzene.
- c - Polymerization of ethylene.
- d – Bromination of m- nitrophenol .
- e - Reaction of phosphorous pentachloride with benzoic acid .

Question Three : Illustrate with equations each of the following :

- a – Different methods used for the preparation of alkyl halides from alcohols .
- b - Oxidation of different classes of alcohols .
- c - Reaction of different types of aliphatic amines with benzene sulphonyl chloride in presence of sodium hydroxide .

Question Four : Discuss the isomerism and draw the different isomers exists in each of following compounds :

- a - Hexane.
- b - Aminophenols .
- c - sec- Butyl alcohol .
- d - Dibromoethylene .
- e - Cyclic structure of glucose.

Question Five : Outline the products obtained from the following :

- a - Reaction of concentrated sulphuric acid with dimethyl propanol .
- b - Addition of HBr to isobutene in presence of hydrogen peroxide .
- c - Reaction of sec.propyl bromide with sodium metal .
- d - Friedel – Crafts alkylation of p- nitrotoluene .
- e - Reaction of methyl ethyl ketone with iodine/ sodium hydroxide .

Question Six : Outline the various synthetic steps for the following transformations :

- a - Synthesis of D- mannose from D – fructose.
- b- Synthesis of D- glucose from D- arabinose.
- c - Synthesis of phenol from aniline .
- d- Synthesis of propyne from propane .



Final Examination in Botany  
May 2009

Educational Year: First level

Program (Branch): Chemistry

Subject: B. (106)

Course(s): Physiology and microbiology

Time: 2 hrs

Date: 8/6/2009

Full mark: 100

Question mark: 25

Answer the following questions:

Q1: Complete the following: (15)

- 1- Cytoplasm is a complex ----system.
- 2- Osmosis is the movement of ----- from hypotonic solution to hypertonic one across ----- membrane.
- 3- Enzymes is a ----- that changes the rate of a chemical reaction, but does not affect the nature of the -----.
- 4- Enzymes act in a ---- range of pH.
- 5- Photosynthesis is a ---- process, but respiration is a ---- process.
- 6- Dark reaction in photosynthesis concerned with the fixation of ----- while, photolysis of ----- is a light or photo-chemical reaction.
- 7- Aminotransferases catalyze the transfer of ---- group from ---- acid to keto-acid.
- 8- Permeation of two non-electrolytes with the same solubility in oil depends on -----.
- 9- Urea solution causes a ----- plasmolysis, while sucrose solution induces a --- ---- plasmolysis
- 10- Dialysis is the separation of ----- from -----.

Q2 True/false question: Answer the following questions (T) or false (F) (15)

- 1- Urease enzyme acts at pH=2
- 2- Impermeable membrane allows for both solutes and solvents to pass through it.
- 3- Movement of water from cell to cell depends on osmotic pressure of cell sap.
- 4- Osmosis is a simple diffusion.
- 5- Carbon anhydrase catalyzes the splitting carbonic acid to ammonia and water.
- 6- All oxygen evolved during photosynthesis comes from CO<sub>2</sub> and water.
- 7- The reaction, Fe<sup>3+</sup> → Fe<sup>2+</sup> is an example of reduction.
- 8- NAD<sup>+</sup> is most likely coenzyme to be involved in the light reaction.
- 9- Colloids are intermediate state between true solutions and suspensions.
- 10- Imbibition of water by seeds starts its germination.

Q3: A- Fill in the blank with the appropriate word or phrase. (Mark for each)

- 1- -----, -----and ----- are the main fruiting bodies in ascomycetes.
- 2- Main chemical components in virus ----- and ----- so chemically they are described as -----.
- 3- Bacteria are classified based on nutrition into ----- and -----.
- 4- The deuteromycota is a heterogeneous group of unrelated species in which --- ----- has never been observed.
- 5- Sexual reproduction in phycophyta takes place by -----, ----- and Oogamy.

B- True or false (Mark for each)

- 1- Bacteria can survive unfavourable conditions by producing endospore. ( )
- 2- Lichens are association between a fungus and photosynthetic portener. ( )
- 3- Viruses may be present in crystalline form. ( )
- 4- Storage product in cyanophyta is cyanophcin starch. ( )
- 5- Bacteriophages are classified into five groups. ( )

C- Choose the most correct answer: (one for each) (Mark for each)

- 1- Viruses morphologically differ into (a- spheroidal b- elongated c- a and b

- d- all)
- 2- Five kingdoms system for living things classification was proposed by (a- Koch b- Haeckel c- Copeland d- none)
  - 3- Viruses can be cultivated on (a- nutrient agar b- nutrient broth c- chick embryo d- all)
  - 4- Filamentous cyanobacteria contain several types of cell such as (a- apical cell b- separating disc c- vegetative cell d- all)
  - 5- Depending on oxygen requirement bacteria can be (a- aerobic b- anaerobic c- facultative d- all)
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**Q4:** I-With clear labeled diagram and commentary notes describe only TWO of the followings:

- a- Lytic cycle for viral replication. (5)
  - b- General characters of bacteria with special reference to morphology and reproduction. (5)
  - c- Comparison between life cycle in Rhizopus and Spirogyra. (5)
- II- Give a brief account on only one of the following:
- d- Economic importance of fungi and algae. (5)
  - e- Scientific investigation and discovery of microbiology with respect to Pasteur; Linnaeus and Whittaker works. (5)
- 

**Examiners:**

Prof. Heshmate Soliman

Dr. Adel Elmorsey