Mansoura University **Faculty of Science Chemistry Department** Subject: Physical Chemistry

(1) MgF₂ ($K_{sp} = 6.5 \times 10^{-9}$)

(3) $Mg_3(PO_4)_2$ ($K_{sp}=1 \times 10^{-25}$)

Course (s): Chem. 141



2nd Term Exam 1st level students Date:1st June 2009

Time Allowed: 2 hours

Full Mark: 60 Marks

[15] Marks

Answer the following questions $K_c = 4.3 \times 10^{-5}$ [1]a- For the reaction: $A + \frac{1}{2}B = \frac{3}{2}C + \frac{47.5}{5}KJ$; What will be? (i) The value of ΔH for the reverse reaction. (3 marks) (ii) The value of K_p of the reverse reaction. (3 marks) (iii) The influence of pressure on this equilibrium. (3 marks) b- A solution made by dissolving 4.0g of a solute in 50 g of benzene, freezes at 3.74 °C. If the freezing point of the pure benzene is 5.48 °C. Calculate the molecular weight of the solute ($K_f = 5.12$ °C). (6 marks) [15] Marks [2]a- Prove that: $K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$. (6 marks) b- State which of the following statement is correct and which is wrong. Then correct the wrong one. (i) At STP, NH₃ will effuse (diffuse) faster than H₂. (3marks) (ii) For oxalic acid ($C_2O_4H_2$), the K_{a2} is greater than K_{a1} . (3marks) (iii) The vapour pressure of solution will be less than expected from Raoult's law, if the attraction between different molecules is higher than between similar one.(3 marks) [15] Marks [3]a- Give a full account on: (i) Graham's law of effusion (3marks) (ii) Hess's Law (3 marks) (iii) Bond energy (3 marks) b- One mole of CO₂ occupies a volume of 1.32L at 48 °C. Experimentally its pressure was found to be 18.4 atm. Illustrate by the calculation which P will be quite close to 18.4 atm. Either by general gas equation or by applying Van-der Waals equation; knowing that a = 3.6 l. atm.mol and b = 0.043 l atm (6 marks) [15] Marks [4] a- Write briefly on: (i) Buffer solution (3 marks) (ii) K_w (2 marks) (ii) Van Hof's factor (2 marks) b- Choose the correct answer: (i) For a mixture of two gases composed of 50% each. (2 marks) $(1)X_1=X_2$ $(2) X_1/X_2=1$ $(3) X_1 + X_2 = 1$ (4) All of them. (ii) When one mole of H₂ gas has been cooled under very high pressure. (2 marks) (1) The H₂ gas will be liquefied. (2) The H₂ gas will behave similar to ideal gas. (3) The molecular speed of H₂ molecules will be increase. (iii) The pH of a 0.49 M acid solution whose $K_a = 4.53 \times 10^{-9}$ will be (2 marks) (3)4.02(iv) Which of the following items when dissolved in water has the highest concentration of magnesium ion? (2marks)

Best wishes

(2) MgCO₃ ($K_{sp} = 1.8 \times 10^{-11}$)

Prof. Y. El-Awady, Prof. A.S. Fouda, Prof. A.I. El-Kholy, Dr. A. El-Dafrawy and Prof. A.A. El-Shafei

امتحان دور مايو 2009م الفرقة الأولى - المستوى الأول: برامج* الزمن: ساعتان - التاريخ:2009/5/27 الدرجة الكلية: 80 درجة



حامعة المنصورة كلية العلوم - قسم الرياضيات المادة: رياضيات أساسية تفاضل وتكامل (ر112)

*برامج: كيمياء وكيمياء ونبات - ميكروبيولوجي - كيمياء حيوي - جيوفيزياء - جيولوجيا - كيمياء وحيوان - علوم البينة

السؤال الأول: (20 درجة – 5 درجات لكل جزء) $f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2}$ الدالة $f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2}$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

(١) أوجد مجال تعريف ومدي الدالة

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2x - 5}$$

(ب) أوجد معكوس الدالة

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left[\frac{2}{1 - x^2} - \frac{1}{1 - x} \right]$$

(ج) أوجد النهاية

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{3^x - 1}{x}$$

(د) أوجد النهاية

$$y = \frac{(1+x)^5 \sqrt{x^3+2}}{(x-1)^3 (x^2+1)}$$
 إذا كانت , $\frac{dy}{dx}$ إذا كانت , $\frac{dy}{dx}$

$$\int \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 4}$$

$$x=2$$
 عند عند , $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} & x \neq 2 \\ A & x = 2 \end{cases}$ بحیث تکون الدالة $x \neq 2$ (ب) اوجد قیمة الثابت , $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} & x \neq 2 \\ A & x = 2 \end{cases}$

(4,3) أوجد معادلتي المماس والعمودي للمنحني $y = f(x) = \sqrt{2x+1}$ عند النقطة (4,3).

[8]

[6]

[6]

السؤال الثالث: (20 درجة - 5 درجات لكل جزع):

أوجد المشتقة الأولى $\frac{dy}{dx}$ لكل من الدوال الآتية:

$$\cos(xy) = y^2 + x \qquad (-)$$

$$y = \operatorname{sech}(\cos^{-1} 2x)$$

(1)

(5)

$$v = x^{\text{sec}x}$$

$$y = 2\ln(\cot t)$$
, $x = \tan t + t^3$

السؤال الرابع: (20 درجة - 5 درجات لكل جزء): احسب التكاملات الأتبة:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{9-x^2}}{x^2} dx \tag{4}$$

$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{x^{3} - 3x^{2} + 1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{2x-8}{x^2-3x} dx$$

$$\int xe^{5x} dx$$

(5)

مع أطيب أمنيات أسرة التدريس بالتوفيق



First year- Biology Subject: Taxonomy Date: 30 May 2009

Time Allowed: 2hr Total mark: 60 degree مارومولوم

Answer All the questions with labelled diagram

Question One:

(15 degree)

Write about the general characters of phylum nematode, and describe the life cycle of two examples of this phylum.

Question Two:

(15 degree)

Write briefly on General characters, classification and economic importance of annelida, arthropoda, mollusca and echinodermata.

Question Three:

(15 degree)

Write short notes on three only of the following:

- A- General characters of protozoa.
- B- Nutrition and locomotion of Euglena viridis.
- C- Nutrition and reproduction in sponges.
- D- Reproduction and life cycle of Entamoeba histolytica.

Question Four: Answer three only of the following:

(15 degree)

- A- With labeled diagrams only illustrate the following: Metacercaria of *Fasciola* Sea anemone- Cercaria of *Schistosoma* Egg of *Ascaris* Hexacanth of *Taenia* and isolated polyp of *Alcyonium*.
- B- How can you diagnose the infections of Fasciola, Schistosoma, Taenia, Ascaris and Ancylostoma.
- C- Compare between the medusa of Obelia and that of Aurelia.
- D- Give an account on life cycle of Fasciola or Taenia or Schistosoma.