

جامعة المنصورة كلية العلوم قسم الرياضيات	المستوى الثالث شعبة رياضيات المادة: ميكانيكا تحليلية ر 326	الفصل الأول ديسمبر 2011 الزمن: ساعتان ٢٠١١/١٢/٢٩
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أجب عن الأسئلة التالية:

- 1- أ) اذكر شروط تطبيق ميكانيكا لاگرانج على المنظومة الميكانيكية.
ب) اذكر شرط وجود صياغة لاگرانجية لمعادلات حركة منظومة معطى لها دالة هاملتون H .
ج) - خرزة تتحرك على سلك دائري أملس مستواه رأسى بينما يدور السلك بسرعة زاوية ω حول قطره الرأسى، أوجد دالة لاگرانج وحل معادلة الحركة مستعينا بالتكامل الأول للحركة.
2- أ) عرف منظومة ليوفيل وبين كيفية حل مسألة حركتها بفصل المتغيرات .
ب) جسيم يتحرك فى المستوى تحت تأثير الجذب النيوتونى لمركزين ساكنين ثابتا جاوس لهما μ_1, μ_2 . بين أن المنظومة تأخذ شكل منظومة ليوفيل فى الإحداثيات الناقصية وبين كيفية حل مسألة الحركة بفصل المتغيرات .
3- أ) اذكر مبدأ هاملتون محدد شروط تطبيقه على المنظومة الميكانيكية
ب) أوجد الشكل الذى تأخذه كتينة ثقيلة موضوعة على سطح اسطوانى دائرى أملس محوره أفقى وطرفا الكتينة مثبتان فى نقطتين من السطح الذى تستند الكتينة بكاملها عليه.
4- أ) - أوجد المنحنيات فى النصف العلوى من المستوى xy التى تأخذ عليها الدالية التالية
قيمها الصغرى:
$$S = \int_A^B \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2}}{y}$$

ب) أوجد باستخدام مبدأ موبرتوى معادلة المسارات الممكنة لجسيم كتلته الوحدة فى

$$V = -\frac{\mu}{r}$$

المستوى يتحرك بطاقة E فى مجال جذب مركز نيوتونى جهده

أستاذ المادة: أ. د. / حمد حلمى يحيى

Mansoura Univ.
Faculty of Science
Mathematics Dept.
Subject: Math.
Course Measure theory

3rdYear: math.
Date Jan.2012
Time: 2 hours
Full marks: 80

Answer the following questions:

[1] i) Define the measure function. What is the difference between measure function and probability function.

ii) Prove that the interval $[0,1]$ is uncountable. [20 marks].

[2] i) Complete the following: A set S is measurable if for any set T

ii) Prove that if A, B are measurable sets then $A \cap B$ is measurable.

iii) Prove Poincare theorem. [20 marks].

[3] Prove that every bounded measurable function f on a set S is Lebesgue integrable on S . Hence or otherwise prove that Dirichlet function is Lebesgue integrable on $[0,1]$. Prove that it is not Riemann integrable on $[0,1]$. [20 marks].

[4] i) Evaluate the integral $\int_Q f$ where f is bounded measurable function and

Q is the set of rational numbers.

ii) Prove that if f is measurable then its square f^2 is measurable.

[20 marks].

المستوى الثالث		الفصل الدراسي الأول
البرنامج: الرياضيات	كلية العلوم - قسم الرياضيات	الزمن: ساعتان
إسم المقرر: ٣١٢ تحليل مركب		التاريخ: ٢٠١٢ / ١ / ٥

Answer the following questions:

1. a. Define entire function, smooth curve, multiple open contour.

b. Find the roots of $(-4 + 4i)^{\frac{1}{4}}$.

c. If $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$, $z_0 = x_0 + iy_0$, $w_0 = u_0 + iv_0$. Then prove that

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow z_0} f(z) = w_0 \text{ if and only if } \lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} u(x, y) = u_0 ,$$

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} v(x, y) = v_0 .$$

2. a. State and prove the sufficient C.R.E's.

b. Discuss the analyticity of $f(z) = z \operatorname{Re}(z)$.

c. Prove that if $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is analytic in D. Then both $u(x, y)$ and $v(x, y)$ are harmonic in D.

3. a. Show that $u(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2$ is harmonic function and find its harmonic conjugate $v(x, y)$ so that $f = u + iv$ is analytic.

b. Evaluate $\int_{(0,3)}^{(2,4)} (2y + x^2)dx + (3x - y)dy$, $x = 2t, y = t^2 + 3$.

c. If $w = f(z)$ is analytic and $f'(z)$ is continuous. Then prove that

$$\int_c f(z)dz = 0 .$$

4. a. Evaluate (i) $\int_{c_+} \frac{z^2 - \cos z}{(z + 2i)^3} dz$, $|z - 1| = 5$,

$$(ii) \int_{c_+} \frac{\sin \pi z}{z^2 + z - 2} dz, \quad c_+ : z = 3e^{i\theta}, \theta \in [0, 2\pi].$$

b. Let $f(z)$ be analytic in a simply connected domain D, $z_1, z_2 \in D$.

Then prove that $\int_{z_1}^{z_2} f(z)dz$ is independent of the path in D joining z_1

and z_2 .

3th Level Examination
Math 313
Numerical Analysis 1
Time : 2 hours
9/1/2012

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تحليل عددي ١
شعبة: الرياضيات + الإحصاء
وعلوم الحاسب

Mansoura University
Faculty of science
Department of mathematics

Answer the following questions (20 marks each)

Q₁.

- Define the fixed point of a function g in $[a,b]$
- Explain how to use the fixed point method to approximate the root of $f(x) = 0$ in $[a,b]$, then state and prove the sufficient conditions to ensure the convergence of this method.
- Prove that the Newton-Raphson method is quadratic convergent providing that $f'(p) \neq 0$.

Q₂.

- Derive a suitable interpolation polynomial to approximate $f(1.1)$ from the following data

$f(x)$	1	1.5	2	2.5	3
x	2	3	5	4	10

- Use an appropriate integration formula to approximate $\int_1^3 f(x)dx$ from the above data.
- Find an approximate value of $f'(1.5)$.

Q₃.

- Use Euler method to approximate the solution of the initial value problem

$$y' = t - y, \quad 1 \leq t \leq 2, \quad y(1) = 1.$$

at $t = 1.4$ (take $h = 0.2$)

- Prove that

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_n} f(x)dx = \frac{h}{2} \left[f(x_0) + f(x_n) + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} f(x_j) \right] - \frac{h^2}{12} f''(\xi)$$

- Show that the sequence

$$P_n = \frac{2P_{n-1}}{3} + \frac{3}{P_{n-1}},$$

$P_0 > 0$ is convergent, then find the order of convergence.

Midterm Exam, 2012 Time: 2 Hours Final Exam, 12/1/2012	 Faculty of Science - Math. Dept.	3rd year Math., Subject: 315m Abstract Algebra (2)
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Answer the following questions:

Total (80 Marks)

- [1]-i) Define four only of the following : (20 Marks)
 Integral domain, field, Quotient field of an integral domain, ideal, sylow p-subgroup.
- ii) Prove that, the set of all units in Z_n forms a group under multiplication modulo n.
- iii) the intersection of two subrings of a ring is a subring. What about the union? Give an example.
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- 2) Find (five only) (20 Marks)
- i) A subring in the ring $Z[X]$.
- ii) all solutions of the equation $x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x = 0$ in Z_6 .
- iii) the characteristic of the rings : $Z_3 \times Z_4$, $Z \times Z$.
- iv) all solutions of $45x \equiv 15 \pmod{24}$
- v) the remainder of 3^{47} when it is divided by 23.
- vi) all units in the rings : $Z \times Q$, $Z[i]$, Z_{10} .
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- 3) a) prove (two only) (20 Marks)
- i) the set $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix}; a, b \in Z \right\}$ is an ideal in the ring $(M_{2 \times 2}(R); +, \cdot)$
- ii) Every finite integral domain is a field.
- iii) A sylow p-subgroup of a finite group G is normal in G iff it is unique
- b) Find the order of a sylow 3-subgroup of a group of order 54.
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- 4) Mark each of the following true or false. (20 Marks)
- 1- A group of order 27 is simple.
- 2- R is the field of quotients of the integral domain Z.
- 3- $M_{2 \times 2}(Z_2)$ is an integral domain
- 4) $Z_3 \times Z_4$ is an abelian ring with unity
- 5) $R \cong C$ (as fields).
- 6) the intersections of all ideals of a ring is also an ideal of the ring.
- 7) $(2Z; +) \cong (3Z; +)$.
- 8) $a^{p-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$ for all integers a and prime p.

Good luck

Dr. S. A.A

Mansoura University
Faculty of science
Dept. of Math.

Third Year
Mathematics
Topology (1)

First Term
Date : 16/1/2012
Time : Tow hours

Answer the following questions (20 Marks for each question)

1- Let (X, τ) be a topological space and $A \subseteq X$. Prove that:

- (i) $U \cap A = \emptyset, U \in \tau \Rightarrow U \cap A' = \emptyset$.
- (ii) A is open set $\Leftrightarrow b(A) \subseteq A'$.
- (iii) F is closed set $\Rightarrow \overline{F \cap A} \subseteq F \cap \overline{A}$.

2-(i) Prove that the property of being T_2 - space is a topological property.

- (ii) Prove that a topological space (X, τ) is normal space iff \forall closed set F, \forall open set U such that $F \subseteq U \exists V \in \tau$ such that $F \subseteq V \subseteq \overline{V} \subseteq U$.

3-(i) Let (X, τ) and (Y, δ) be two topological spaces. Prove that the mapping $f : (X, \tau) \rightarrow (Y, \delta)$ is continuous iff $\overline{(f^{-1}(B))} \subseteq f^{-1}(\overline{B}), \forall B \subseteq Y$.

- (ii) Prove that every closed subspace of normal space is normal.

4-(i) Prove that the compactness is a topological property.

- (ii) Prove that the topological space (X, τ) is T_1 - space iff $\{x\}$ is closed $\forall x \in X$.

المسؤوليات - بلصيت
نظريه الاحتمالات - (331)



Mansoura University	Final exam 1_st term	Subject. Prob.theory (1)
Faculty of Science	Time : 2 hours	Code : 331 math
Math. Dept	2011-2012	Date : 23/1/2012
3_rd year	Math.& Stat. and Computer Sci.	Total degree:80 mark

Q1:(20 mark)

1- Let X and Y are two continuous random variables with a joint pdf of the form

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} k(x+y) & 0 \leq x \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find each of the following

- a) the constant k b) The marginals $f_1(x)$ and $f_2(y)$
c) The conditional pdf $f(y/x)$

2- Assume that X and Y are independent random variables with density functions

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{and} \quad g(y) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the probability that the roots of the equation $h(t) = 0$ are real, where

$$h(t) = t^2 + 2Xt + Y.$$

Q2: :(20 mark)

Assume that X and Y are independent random variables with $X, Y \sim \text{Geo}(p)$.

- a) Find the joint CDF, $F(x, y)$
b) If $T = X + Y$, find the joint CDF, $F(x, t)$
c) Find the marginal CDF's $F_X(x)$ and $F_T(t)$

Q3: (20 mark)

If $(X, Y) \sim \text{MULT}(n, p_1, p_2)$, then find

- (i) Probability density function of Y .
(ii) $E(Y/x)$
(iii) The correlation coefficient ρ between X and Y .

Q4: (20 mark)

a) Let X is a random variable has the probability distribution

$$f(x) = \frac{(x+2)}{15} \quad x = 2, 3, 4$$

Find the probability distribution of $Y = (X - 3)^2$.

b) Let $X \sim N(0, 1)$, find the pdf of the random variable $Y = X^2$.