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Mansoura University Faculty of Science Zoology Department 20/6/2012

Z 202

Final Exam of Invertebrates and Insects
(For Second Level Biology 2012) (The second Term)

Time: 2 hours

Date: Wednesday 20/6/2012

Answer ALL the following questions

Q1: With labeled drawings only explain each of the following:

(15 Marks)

- A- Digestive system of Allolobophora
- B- Reproductive system of Scolopendra
- C- Artemia
- D- Lepas and Balanus

Q2: What do you know about each of the following:

(15 Marks)

- A- Silk-secretion in the spider and the shell and shell structure in Mollusca
- B- Morphology of Cyclops and scorpion and radula in Mollusca
- C- Comparison between Neptunus and Eupagurus

Q3: Answer each of the following:

(15 Marks)

- A-Locomotion in the earth worm <u>OR</u> in the sand worm B- With drawings describe the first thoracic and the first abdominal appendages of the prawn giving their modifications and functions.
- C- Draw only in detail the capitulum in Acarina.

Q4: Answer as true (\checkmark) or false (X)

(15 Marks)

- 1. Pollen brush of food collecting leg is modified from first tarsal segment
- 2. Halteres are for balance when insects fall in fluids to avoid sinking
- 3. Stylate antenna subsegments are blade like with a pointed tip resemble scalpel
- 4. Arthropods are triploblastic coelomate animals with bilateral symmetry
- 5. No metamerism is a common characteristic between arthropods and insects
- 6. Antennary socket is the part that carries the antenna
- 7. Stalked eyes is a distinguishing characteristic of insects
- 8. Antennae of most female moths are bipectinnate
- 9. Pretarsus of cockroach and housefly leg has one pad and two claws
- 10. Hind wing of giant water bug is hemelyteron
- 11. Clinging legs are all legs of the louse
- 12. Wings are found on mesothorax and metathorax
- 13. Scaly wing is the fore-wing of moths and butterflies
- 14. Tibia of collecting leg is modified to pollen basket
- 15. Disappearance of 2nd pair of antennae is a distinguishing character of insects

With best wishes

Prof. Dr. Mohamed F.A.Mansour Dr. Waleed Khaled Elaidy

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الفرقة: الثانيـــة

الشعب: كيمياء-

المادة: رياضيات بحتة

دور مایو۲۰۱۲ الزمن: ساعتـــان التاريخ: ٢٠١٢/٦/٢٤



كلية العلوم - قسم الرياضيات

أجب على الأسئلة الآتية: (٢٠ درجة لكل سؤال)

[1] حل المعادلات التفاضلية الآتبية:

(i)
$$(x^2 + 2y^2)dx - xydy = 0$$

[10 marks]

(i)
$$(x^2 + 2y^2)dx - xydy = 0$$
 [10 marks]

 (ii) $(e^y + y \cos x)dx + (\sin x - \sin y + xe^y) = 0$
 $y(0) = 0$
 [10 marks]

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$$y' + \frac{y}{x} = \frac{1}{x^3 y^4}$$

[10 marks]

 $z = \ln (x^6 + x^3y^3 + y^6)$. فاثبت أن تا الدالة $z = \ln (x^6 + x^3y^3 + y^6)$. فاثبت أن

$$x\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 6$$

[10 marks]

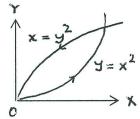
، $x^2 + y^2 = 9$, $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ في الربع الأول المحصورة بين الدائرتين R في الربع الأول المحصورة بين الدائرتين و الخطوط المستقيمة y = x ، y = 0[۱۰ درجات]

ب. اثبت أن قيمة التكامل : $\int (4x^3y^2 - 9x^2y)dx + (2x^4y - 3x^3)dy$ لا تعتمد على المسار

الواصل

الواصل بين النقطتين (0,0) ، (1,3) ، ثم احسب قيمته

[4] اذكر نظرية "جرين".



حقق نظرية "جرين" بحساب كلا الطرفين لمعادلة "جرين" بالنسبة للتكامل: $(2xy-x^2)dx+(x+y^2)dy$

 $x=y^2$ ، $y=x^2$ هو المنحنى المغلق للمنطقة المحصورة بالمنحنيات cمأخوذاً في الاتجاه عكس عقارب الساعة.

4. The decreasing order of entropy values is: (a) $C_2H_2 > C_4H_{10} > C_3H_8 > C_2H_4$ (b) $C_2H_{10} > C_3H_8 > C_2H_4 > C_2H_2$ (c) $C_2H_4 > C_3H_8 > C_4H_{10} > C_2H_2$ (d) $C_3H_8 > C_2H_4 > C_4H_{10} > C_2H_2$
 5. Which process is accompanied by a decrease in entropy of the materials? (a) expansion of a gas into a vacuum (b) solution formation (c) freezing of a liquid (d) thermal equalization between two regions in thermal contact
 6. What factor ultimately determines whether any physical process, including a chemical reaction, is spontaneous or not (a) the change in entropy of the components involved in the process (b) the change in entropy of the world outside the process (c) the change in enthalpy of the universe (d) the change in entropy of the universe
Answer the following Questions: (4 marks for each one) (1) At what temperature will water boil at a space station where the atmospheric pressure is 490 mm Hg.
The latent heat of vaporization of water is 545.5 cal g ⁻¹ . The normal boiling point of water is 100° C
(2) One mole of ideal gas at 27 °C and 100 bar is allowed to expand reversibly and isothermally to 5
bar. Calculate the amount of heat adsorbed
III- Choose the response that best complete each statement: (2marks for each one)
 1. A spontaneous change is one in which the system suffers: (a) An increase in internal energy (b) A lowering of free energy (c) A lowering of entropy (d) No energy change
 2. In a reaction where entropy decreases, it is found that the reaction has a positive Δ G, but becomes spontaneous as the temperature decreases. Which of the following is true? (a) Δ S and Δ H are both positive (b) ΔS and Δ H are both negative (c) ΔS is negative and Δ H is positive (d) ΔS is positive and Δ H is negative
3. The free energy change for a reversible reaction at equilibrium is: (a) Slightly negative (b) Slightly positive (c) Zero (d) Highly positive
4. Which names are associated with thermodynamics? (a) Carnot (b) Helmholtz (c) Claussius (d) All
5. Which law of thermodynamics helps in calculating the absolute entropies of various substances at different temperatures?
(a) Zeroth law (b) Ist law (c) II law (d) IIIrd law
6. The equilibrium constant for a chemical reaction will be equal to one (1) under which one of the following conditions (a) $\Delta H^o < 0$ and $\Delta S^o = 0$ b) $\Delta H^o = 0$ and $\Delta S^o = 0$ c) $\Delta H^o < 0$ and $\Delta S^o > 0$ d) $\Delta H^o > 0$ and $\Delta S^o < 0$
Answer the following Questions: (4 marks for each one)
(1) Prove the combined First and Second Laws of thermodynamic.
(2) An ideal heat engine is run between two temperatures of 550 K and 275 K. Calculate the Carnot efficiency for this heat engine.

Examiners: Prof. Dr. Awad I. Ahmed.

GOOD LUCK,

Mansoura University **Faculty of Science Chemistry Department** Course: Physical Chemistry

Date: 06/06/2012

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Second term Examination Subject: Chemistry (241)

Second level

Full Mark: 60 Marks Time Allowed: 2hours

Answer the Following Questions:

١- أكتب الإجابة الصحيحة في ورقة الإجابة ٢- وضح حل المسائل في ورقة الاجابة ٣- الامتحان في ورقتين

<u> </u> -	Ch	oose	the r	response	that	best	complet	te eac	h statem	ent:	(2marks	for	each one))
_	CC1	1	C .1	1		1 ~	.1				0		~ .	

- 1. The laws of thermodynamics define the properties and behavior of energy. The first law states that energy -----
 - (a) equals mass times the speed of light, squared (that is, E = mc2)
 - (b) can be created by thermonuclear explosions
 - (c) cannot be created or destroyed but can be changed from one form into another
 - (d) is the basic structure of the universe
- 2. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (a) Heat of reaction at constant volume is represented by ΔU
 - (b) Work done by a system is given a negative sign
 - (c) Heat of reaction at constant pressure is represented by ΔH
 - (d) Endothermic compound are more stable than exothermic reaction
- 3. Which of the following is a closed system?
 - Water being heated in a beaker

(b) Reaction of Zn with dil HCI in a test tube

- (c) A sealed bottle containing Br₂ liquid and it vapours (d) A tree in the garden
- 4. The process carried out in perfect insulation is called:
 - (a) Isothermal
- (b) Isochoric
- (c) Adiabatic
- (d) Isobaric
- 5. The heat absorbed in a reaction at constant temperature and volume is equal to:
 - (a) ΔU of the reaction
- (b) ΔH of the reaction
- (c) ΔU of the reaction
- (d) $-\Delta H$ of the reaction
- 6. For isothermal irreversible expansion of an ideal gas the work done is given by
 - (a) $W nRT \ln P_1/P_2$
- (b) $W = -\Delta U$
- (c) $W = nRT (1-P_2/P_1)$
- (d) none of these answers

Answer the following Questions: (4 marks for each one)

- (1) For the following reaction: $2C_2H_6(g) + 7O_2(g) \rightarrow 4CO_2(g) + 6H_2O(g) \Delta H^\circ = -2856 \text{ kJ} \Delta G^\circ = -2884 \text{ kJ}$
 - a- Determine the ΔS° of the system (i.e. the reaction) at 25° C in J/K
 - b- The ΔS of the surroundings in J/K, at 25° C, is:
- (2) The equilibrium constants for the reaction $N_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2 \text{ NO}(g)$ at 1727°C and 2027°C are 4.08x 10⁻⁴ and 1.69×10^{-3} respectively. Calculate $\triangle H$ for the reaction in kJ.

II- Choose the response that best complete each statement: (2marks for each one)

- 1. For adiabatic expansion of an ideal gas the relation between volume and pressure is given by A.

- (a) V/T = constant (b) VT = constant (c) PV $^{\gamma}$ = constant (d) $[T/V]^{\gamma-1}$ = constant
- 2. The freezing of liquid water to form ice
 - (a) results in uptake of heat from the surroundings
 - (b) results in release of heat to the surroundings
 - (c) results in no transfer of heat to or from the surroundings
 - (d) whether heat is taken up or given off during freezing depends on the temperature
- 3. Which of the following statements best describes the spontaneity of a reaction at 25°C for which S_{sys} is negative and S_{surr} is positive .?
 - (a) The reaction cannot be spontaneous at 25°C.
 - (b) The reaction will be spontaneous at all temperatures.
 - (c) The reaction will be spontaneous only if S_{sys} is greater in magnitude than S_{surr} .
 - (d) The reaction will be spontaneous only if S_{surr} is greater in magnitude than S_{svs} .

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department
Subject: Chemistry



Second Term 2nd level Students Time Allowed: 2 hours Full Mark: 80 Marks

Date: June 2012

Course(s): Organic Chem. 236

Answer All Questions

1.a) Predict the products:

i)
$$C = O + NH_3 \rightarrow \dots \xrightarrow{H_2} CH_3$$

iii)
$$CH_3$$
- C - NH_2 $\xrightarrow{Br_2/NaOH}$

iii)
$$(CH_3)_3N \xrightarrow{PhSO_2Cl} \cdots \cdots \cdots$$

$$CH_3Br \xrightarrow{CH_3Br} \cdots \cdots$$

iv)
$$CH_3$$
 NH $\xrightarrow{HNO_2}$

v)
$$CH_3CO$$
 O NH_3

vi)
$$CH_3COO\ C_2H_5 \xrightarrow{NaOEt} \dots$$

b) List the following radicals in order of their stability: [6 Marks]

2.a) What are compounds A to F in the following sequence: [18 Marks]

$$(CH_3)_3C-Cl \xrightarrow{Mg} A \xrightarrow{1)CO_2} B \xrightarrow{PCl_5} C \xrightarrow{NH_3} D$$

$$\xrightarrow{CH_3OH} E$$

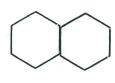
$$\xrightarrow{Pd-BaSO_4} F$$

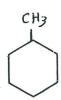
- b) On chlorination of n-butane, it was found that reactivity ratio between 1°: 2°: H atoms is 1: 2.5. Calculate the percentage of each isomer [9 Marks]
- 3.a) Show how the following conversions could be affected: [9 Marks]

i)
$$CH_3CH_2NH_2$$

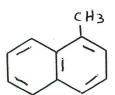
- ii) $CH_3CONH_2 \rightarrow (CH_3)_3N$
- iii) CH₃COOH → CH₃COCH₂COOEt
- b) Show the effect of NBS/ hy on these compounds:

[8 Marks]









c) Deduce the structures of the following compounds that give only monochlorination product:

[9 Marks]

 $C_6H_{12}, C_5H_{12}, C_8H_{18}$

Best Wishes; Prof. Dr. Ez Kandil,

Dr. M. Yosef

(ك يون الله - محوية السولوجي - سارسولوجا ي من (مديد)

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Botany Department El-Mansoura, Egypt



جامعة المنصورة كلية العلوم قسم النبات المنصورة ـ مصر

Final Examination in Botany

Educational Year: Second Level

Second Term: May 2012

Code: B 204

Course:General Microbiology

Division: Microbiology, Chemistry and Botany, Chemistry and Zoology, and

Environmental Sciences

Time: 2 hours

Date: 3/6/2012

Full Mark: 60

Subject: Botany

Question Mark:20

Answer the following questions:

Q1: (A) Complete the missing parts:

(15mark)

- 1- The chemical substances produced by microorganisms that inhibit or kill the growth of other microorganisms are known as......
- 2- Microbiology is the branch of science that studies.....
- 3-In microbial culturing, sterile techniques are used to prevent.....
- 4-..... is an increase in the size of a given population of unicellular microorganisms such as bacteria and yeasts.
- 5- A microbe growing in the refrigerator is termed as.....
- 6- Organic compounds can be formed from carbon dioxide and light by only.
- 7- was the first person who extensively described microorganisms.
- 8-Microorganisms preferring to live in high hydrostatic pressure environments are known as......
- 9-..... is one of the sterilization methods that removes microorganisms rather than killing them.
- 10- Chemical substance that can be added to microbiological nutrient media and changing their physical properties is called......
- (B) Give a brief account of each of the following:

(5 mark)

- 1- Bacterial endospores.
- 2- Pasteurization.

O2: Choose the correct answer:

(20mark)

- 1-Which (if any) of the following is most reliable for determining the number of viable bacteria per mL:
- a. Turbidity measurement
- b. Direct microscopic count
- c. Weighing the bacteria
- d. None of the above

2- Bacteriostatic means:	
a. bacterial growth is inhibited	b. bacterial death
c. bacterial static charges	d. a metabolite produced by bacteria
3-Fungi are:	produced by bustonia
a. Heterotrophs	b. Chemoautotrophs
c. Photoautotrophs	d. Only parasites
4- In aquatic environments the pro-	oduction of oxygen is largely attributed
το:	g tay account
a. Bacterial activity	b. Fungal activity
c. Microalgae activity	d. All
5-Degradation of toxicants by mi	croorganisms is a biological phenomenon
known as:	
a. Fermentationc. Bioremediation	b. Decomposition
The state of the s	d. None (Define)
6-The optimum growth temperatu	
a. 10°C	b. 30°C
c. 60°C	d. 90°C
/-Bacteria growing in batch cultur	e may enter decline phase as a result of:
a. Crowding	b. Accumulation of toxic products
c. Depletion of nutrients	d. All of these
8-During bacterial growth, sporula	ition occurs in:
a. Lag phase	b. Stationary phase
c. Log phase	d. Decline phase
9-The microorganisms useful for fe	ermentation processes are:
a. Bacteria	b. Yeasts
c. Fungi	d. None of these
10-This is an agar plate method an	d is commonly used for estimation of the
number of bacteria in milk:	
a. Standard Plate Count (SPC)	b. Spread plate
c. Lawn culture	d. Roll tube method
Q3: A- Compare between each of t	
1- Disinfectants and antiseptics.	(5 mark)
2- Acidophiles and alkaliphiles.	
-	b Pagianapation.
of microbial growth.	am, describe briefly the different phases (5 mark)
C- Define:	
1-Biofilm 2-Glycocalyx	(10mark)
J	3-Synthetic media
V	Weighing the basics.
Examiners: Dr. Mohamed Isma	il Dr. Ghada Samir Dr. Ahmed El-Shobaky

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Botany Department



جامعة المنصورة كلية العلوم قسم النبات

Final Examination in Botany May 2012

Educational Year: Second Level Program (Branch): Biology

Subject: Bot (203) Course(s): Cytogenetic&physiology of growth and Development

Time	: 2 hrs Date: 13 / 6 /2012 F	ull mark: 60	Question mark: 20						
Ansv	Answer the following questions:								
Q.1	A- Write short notes on the fe	ollowing:	(10 marks)						
	1- Types of chromosomes.								
	2- Pseudo-Dominance.								
	3- Bar-eye in Drosophila.								
	B- Explain briefly:		(10 marks)						
	1- Cell-cycle.		* ***						
	2- Lampbrush chromosomes.								
	3- Types of replication of DNA (Explain only the common type).								
Q.2	A- Fill in the spaces using suitable words or phrases: (5 marks)								
	1- Function of chromosomes of eukaryotes are involved in two main								
	activitiesand								
	2- Chromosomes line up along the equatorial plate during								
	thestage of mitosis.								
	3-Salivary gland chromosomes attain its huge diameter through the								
	process of								
	4- The represents specific proteins that bind to centromeric								
	DNA and is the site of sp								
	5- The number of chiasmata	per bivalent depends	onand						
	B- Choose the correct answer	rs:	(5 marks)						
	1-The three forms of DNA?								
	a- A, B, Z forms b- A,B,		forms						
	2- Cells with three chromoson	mes complement?							
	a- Triploid b- Trisomic								
	3- Which of the following base	se is never found in I	RNA?						
	a- Cytosine b- Uracile	c- Thymine							
	4- Which statement describes	the base pairing in n	ucleic acids?						
	a- Purine bases always pair	with other purine bas	ses						
	b- Purine bases can only pair with pyrimidine bases								
	c- Adenine can not pair with								
	5- How many nuclear division	s occur during Meio	sis?						
	a- one b- two	C-	- zero						

بقية الأمتحان انظر خلف الورقة

C - Comment on the following items (5 marks, each one mark) 1- The vegetative stem primordia is changed to floral primordia. 2- Some seeds have physical dormancy and some have mechanical dormancy 3- Some plants are chill-resistant. 4- Secondary metabolites are produced by some plants. 5- Some plants have hypogeal germination. D - Complete the following sentences (5 marks, each ½ mark) 1- Dormant seed is.........., however quiescent seed 2- Fruit development can generally be considered to occur in 3-require a certain minimum length of daylight to initiate flowering, so these plants flower in the spring or 4- Desiccation postponers are able to under drought conditions. Among them are that are using water carefully and.....; that are usually deeply rooted and spend water aggressively. As well as..... can grow under dehydration condition. Q.3Explain briefly each of the following (20 marks, each 4 marks) 1- ABC model of flowering 2- Combined dormancy 3- Heat chock proteins 4- Drought resistance mechanism 5- Fruit ripening Examiners: Prof. Samia Haroun Prof. Magda Soliman Dr. Amr Mowafy Dr. Rehab Rizk