

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department	Year: 4 th Level Specialization: Physics Program	First Semester, 2011-2012 December, 2012 Time: 2 Hours
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Subject: Elementary Physics Tuesday 25/12/2012 12-02 PM
 (جسيمات أولية - ف ٤١٦)

Answer (3) Questions ONLY: (Full mark: 80)		Mark
1.a)	Make a brief classification of the elementary particles, then give a quark description of: Σ^+ , Σ^0 , Σ^- , Ξ^0 , Ξ^- , Λ , Λ^+ , Ω^- .	10
1.b)	Put the charge (Q) & strangeness (S) values for the 9 spin-0 mesons in a table, then draw the hexagonal 8-fold way pattern (strangeness versus charge plot) for these values, [using a horizontal axis for (S) & a sloping axis for (Q)].	17
2.a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the Baryon Numbers Conservations for the reaction: $p + n \rightarrow p + p + n + \bar{p}$, and - Check the Lepton Numbers Conservations for the reaction: $\pi^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ + \nu_\mu + \nu_e$, and - Check the Strangeness Conservations for the reactions: $\pi^0 + n \rightarrow K^+ + \Sigma^-$ 	11
2.b)	Tabulate the values of the charge & baryon numbers for each of the following quarks: u, d, s, c, b & t & the corresponding antiquarks. Then represent quark description of: p, p ⁺ , n, π^0 , π^+ , k^0 .	16
3.a)	Write a brief account about the three generations of matter. Then show that the neutron decay via weak interaction, as indicated by Feynman diagram, is a good example of quark transformations which led to the discovery of the neutrino.	17
3.b)	Show how the decay of a kaon (K ⁺) into three pions (2 π^+ , 1 π^-) is a process that involves both weak and strong interactions	10
4.a)	How many color quantum numbers present for quarks & anti-quarks? And by using these colors mention all possible combinations for gluons	13
4.b)	Show how by introducing the new quantum number (color), the problem of existing 3 strange quarks (sss) in the omega-minus (Ω^-) particle can be solved?	14
5	Write briefly on ONE of the following: Hadron Collider or Higgs Particle.	27

With our Best wishes

Examiners:	Prof. Dr Ali H. El-Farrash*	Prof. Dr Ahmad El-Garayhy
	Prof. Dr Mostafa Kamal	Prof. Dr Abu-Bakr El-Bedawi

* Corresponding Examiner

<p>Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department</p>		<p>First Term. 2013 4th level Date : 29-12- 2012 Time allowed : 2 hours Full Mark: 80 Mark</p>
<p>Subject: Physics</p>		<p>Course: Laser and Application 410 ف</p>

Answer the Following Questions

[1] a- Explain a method to obtain in single laser-mode out put . Construct an experiment to investigate the longitudinal mode structure. [12 Marks]

b- Discuss the basic laser welding process of two metals. [8 Marks]

c- Calculate the ratio of spontaneous and stimulated emission for a tungsten filament lamp operating at a temperature of 2000 K, taking the average frequency to be 5×10^{14} Hz ,

Not: $h=6.625 \times 10^{-34}$ J. sec, $K=1.38 \times 10^{-23}$ J/K. $C=3 \times 10^8$ m/sec. [7 Marks]

[2] Deduce the condition of population inversion in a three level laser. Sketch curves for dependence of $\Delta N/N$ as a function of excitation intensity Γ expressed in terms of Γ_0 . [26 Marks]

[3] a- Describe the essential feature of He- Ne laser. Sketch schematic diagram of this laser tube. Explain by the aid of an energy-level diagram, how population inversion is brought about in such gaseous system? [12 Marks]

b- Calculate the spectral broadening due to Dopplers effect in He -Ne laser ($\lambda= 6328\text{\AA}$). Assuming a discharge temperature of about 400K and a Neon atomic mass of 20.

Not: Avogadro's number = 6.022×10^{23} .

$C=3 \times 10^{10}$ cm/sec.

$K=1.38 \times 10^{-16}$ erg /K.


[7 Marks]

c- Explain the sandwich hologram technique to measure the distortion of an object.

[8 Marks]

Good Luck

Examiner: Prof. Dr. Taha Sakkar

<p>Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department</p>		<p>First Term. 2013 4th level Date : 29-12- 2012 Time allowed : 2 hours Full Mark: 80 Mark</p>
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Good Luck

Examiner: Prof. Dr. Taha Sakkar

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Physics Department
Subject : Physics



Fourth Year Physics

First Term
Fourth Year : Physics
Date : 1 / 1 / 2013
Time allowed : 2 hours

Electrodynamics(2) - phys. (413)

Answer the following questions Points

- 1- Unpolarized plane electromagnetic wave is incident obliquely on the interface (25)
between two dielectric media with refractive indices n_1, n_2 and $\mu_1 = \mu_2$, respectively ,
(a) Find an expression for the reflection coefficient when the \vec{E} component is parallel to the
plane of incidence .
(b) Show that at Brewster's angle the reflected wave is linearly polarized normal
to the plane of incidence .

2 – Answer (a) or (b) only

- (a) Show that the wave guide acts as a high pass filter and each of (15)
the electromagnetic field vectors inside the guide is a superposition of two
modes, one is TE and the other is TM. Explain why TEM wave can not
be propagated through wave guides .
(b) Write the equation of motion for a free electron in a metal under the influence (15)
of an electromagnetic field with angular frequency ω . Solve the equation to obtain the
Conductivity as a function of ω . Use the result to discuss the propagation of the wave
through plasma medium .

- 3 - (a) The Lorentz gauge for the electromagnetic field requires that (25)
 $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = -\epsilon\mu \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t}$, find the differential equation satisfied by the vector
potential \vec{A} and the scalar potential φ .
(b) Show that the retarded potential $\varphi(\vec{r}, t)$ satisfies the inhomogeneous wave
equation obtained in part (a) .

- 4 – Obtain the ratio of the reflected to incident powers of an electromagnetic wave (15)
reflecting from a conducting surface at normal incidence. Show that
the transmitted power tends to zero in case of a perfect conductor .

Good luck
Hayam mashaly

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department	Level: Four Program: Physics Code: Ph 412	First Semester Final Exam, 2012-2013 September, 2013 [2013-01-05] Time: 2 Hours
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Quantum Mechanics II

Answer ALL of the Following Questions:

(Total mark: 80 marks)

1.	A nuclear particle of spin $\frac{1}{2}$ initially in spin state $\alpha_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ has spin motion only immersed in a magnetic field has the form $\underline{B}(t) = B_0[\cos(\omega t)\hat{i} - \sin(\omega t)\hat{j}] + B_z\hat{k}$. Find the resonance frequency of this system.	15
2.a)	Consider an atom in its unperturbed state $\psi_n(\underline{r}, t)$ at time $t < 0$ interacts with a weak electro-magnetic field of Hamiltonian $H'(r, t) = 2H'(r)\cos(\omega t)$. What is the transition probability of this atom to another state $\psi_m(\underline{r}, t)$ at time $t > 0$. Find the transition probability rate after a long-time.	15
b)	Assume that an adiabatic perturbation is turned on at time $t = 0$ on an unperturbed system in state n . Calculate the probability of transition of this system to another state $m \neq n$.	10
3.	A particle of mass (m) and energy (E) scattered from a fixed scattering center of central potential $V(r)$. Derive the total scattering cross-section of this process in terms of the partial wave phase shift. Then calculate the total scattering cross-section for low energy incident particle.	15
4.a)	Consider a particle of mass (m) and energy (E) scattered from a central potential $V(r)$. Using Born approximation, calculate the scattering amplitude of this process. [The normalized plane-wave of a particle in a box of length (L) is $ k\rangle = e^{ikx}/\sqrt{L}$, the energy density in this box is $g(E_k) = mL^3k/(2\pi^2\hbar^2)$ and the rate of transition probability is $w_{kk'} = (2\pi/\hbar)g(E_{k'}) \langle k' V(r) k \rangle ^2$]	15
b)	Using Born approximation, evaluate the differential scattering cross-section of a particle of mass (m) scattered from an attractive Gaussian potential $V(r) = -V_0 e^{-(r/R)^2}$, where V_0 and R are constants. $[\int_0^\infty dr r \sin(Kr) e^{-(r/R)^2} = (\sqrt{\pi}/4)KR^3 e^{-(KR/2)^2}]$.	10

With our Best Regards

Examiners:	<i>Prof. Essam M. Abulwafa (*)</i>	<i>Prof. Gomma' El-Damarawy</i>
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المستوى الرابع - أسباه الموصلات - ف 11
فريق

Mansoura University	Specialization: physics	1 st Semester, 2012-2013
Faculty of Science	4 th level	Jan., 2013
Physics Department	Phys (411)	Time: 2 Hours

Subject: Semiconductors
Final examination

(Full mark: 80 degrees)

<u>Answer the Following Questions:</u>		<i>Mark</i>
1. a)	What do we mean with: i- Intrinsic Semiconductors. ii- Extrinsic Semiconductors. iii- Depletion region. iv- Drift mobility. v- Conduction Band. vi- Forbidden energy gap. vii- Valence Band . viii- hot-electrons.	<i>16 marks</i>
b)	Calculate the resistivity of intrinsic specimen of Ge at 300K if the electron density is $2 \times 10^{19}/m^3$, electron mobility 0.39 and positive holes mobility is $0.19 m^2/V.S$ respectively.	<i>4 marks</i>
2. a)	Deduce the effective mass relation in crystal lattice.	<i>12 marks</i>
b)	"All elements of IV- group has the diamond structure" .Explain in details this expression.	<i>8 marks</i>
3. a)	Deduce the position of Fermi level at zero Kelvin in intrinsic semiconductor.	<i>12 marks</i>
b)	Study the effect of temperature on both the drift velocity and hot – electrons.	<i>8 marks</i>
4. a)	Deduce the concentration of carriers in intrinsic semiconductor.	<i>12 marks</i>
b)	A crystal of semiconductor has positive holes with density $4.2 \times 10^{15}/cm^3$ and density of states in V.B = $8.4 \times 10^{14}/cm^3$. Calculate the position of Fermi energy level at $-9^\circ C$.	<i>8 marks</i>

With our Best wishes,

Examiners: *Dr. Safaa Abdelmaksoud & Prof.Dr A.M.Abdelrazek.*


Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department	4 th Level Physics	First Semester, 2012-2013 January, 2013 (15-01-2013) Time: 2 Hours
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Phy 414: Mathematical Physics 3

Answer All of the Following Questions:		(Full mark: 80)	Mark
1.a)	Show that: $f(z) = \exp(x)[\cos(y) + i \sin(y)]$ is analytical and then find $f'(z)$.		8
b)	Calculate the harmonic conjugate of: $u(x, y) = 2x(1 - y)$.		8
2.a)	Solve the integral equation: $\phi(x) = \int_0^1 dt \exp(x+t)[1 + \phi^2(t)]$, by the degenerate kernels method.		8
b)	Solve the Volterra integral equation: $\phi(x) = \exp(x) + \int_0^x dt \exp(x-t)\phi(t)$, by Laplace transform.		8
3.	Find the characteristic number and eigen-function of the homogeneous integral equation if the kernel is given by: $k(x, t) = \begin{cases} x(t-1), & 0 \leq x \leq t, \\ t(x-1), & t \leq x \leq 1. \end{cases}$		16
4.a)	Construct the resolvent kernel for: $k(x, t) = \sin(x) \cos(t), \quad [a, b] = [0, \pi/2]$.		8
b)	Find the value of the integral: $\int_C \frac{(3z^3 + 2)}{(z+1)(z^2+9)} dz$, where C is $ z-2 =2$.		8
5.a)	Find the Laurent series for: $\frac{\exp(2z)}{(z-1)^3}$ at $z=1$.		8
b)	Evaluate the integral: $\int_C \frac{\cosh(\pi z)}{z(z^2+1)} dz$, where C is the circle $ z =2$.		8

With our Best wishes

Examiners:	<i>Prof. Sayed A. Elwakil</i>	<i>Prof. Ahmed H. Oraby</i>
	<i>Dr. Ahmed Abulella</i>	<i>Dr. Aziza A. Abd-el-Aziz</i>

<p>Mansoura university Faculty of Science Physics Department</p>		<p>first Term Fourth Year: Physics Date: 22 jan. 2013 Allowed time: 2 hours</p>
<p>Digital Electronics Exam .</p>	<p>Code : Phys. 417</p>	<p>Full Mark: 80 Marks</p>

Answer The following Questions:

1- a) Draw the comparator logic circuit which used to compare Two 4 -bit binary numbers P , Q

b) Design the logic circuit required to drive the segment g in the 7- segment display used to display numbers from 0 TO 9 as shown in figure (2) using

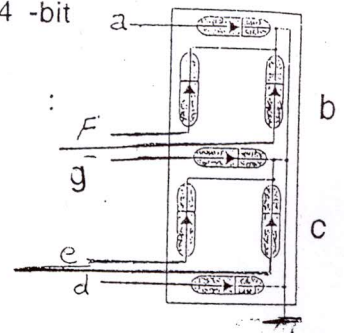


figure (2)

8 To 1 line data Multiplexer

2- a) Design a logic circuit that has four inputs A ,B ,C and D . The output of this circuit should be high only when at least two of the inputs are high .Then show how to implement this circuit using

ALL- NAND gates

b) Design synchronous decade counter using J-k flip-flops and draw the output waveform of each flip-flop .

3-a) Design the logic circuit of a full adder, then draw how to connect a half-adder and three full-adders to form a four- bit parallel adder.

b) Convert the following binary numbers to octal and Hexadecimal equivalent : 101010100110 , 10110 . 010101

4 - a) Determine the Q - output in relation to the clock for S-R flip-flop connected as shown in figure (3) .

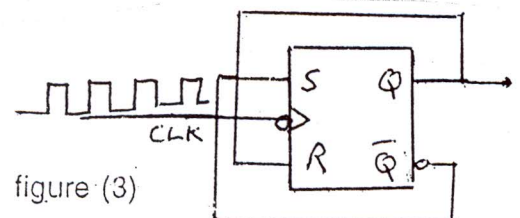



figure (3)

b) Convert the following numbers to their binary equivalent .
 (48C)₁₆ , (356.25)₈ , (35.625)₁₀ .

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department	 Physics Students	First Semester, 2012-2013 Credit hours Students: 4 th level January, 2013 (22/01/2013) Time: 2 Hours
Course: Physics (418)	Renewable Energy	Full Mark: 80 Marks
Answer the first question then "Only Two" From The Following:		

1-a)	The Sun is considered as the main source of Renewable Energy consists of a body and atmosphere. Discuss this phrase.	15
1-b)	Calculate the area of the solar panel needed to give 5 KW, if the sensors in the panel are supplied by energy from silicon photocells of efficiency 30% and the photosphere temperature is 5800 °k, and if sensors are located at: i- Mercury planet, ii- Earth, iii-Jupiter. $r_{\text{Mercury}} = 0.58 \times 10^8 \text{ Km}$, $r_{\text{Earth}} = 1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ Km}$, $r_{\text{Jupiter}} = 7.78 \times 10^8 \text{ Km}$, $R_{\odot} = 6.96 \times 10^5 \text{ Km}$, $\sigma = 5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ w m}^{-2} \text{ k}^{-4}$.	15
2-a)	If the sun temperature is 5785 °k, determine the value of the solar constant of the earth. Also determine the characteristic color of the spectra. $h = 6.6252 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J sec}$, $k = 1.3806 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/}^{\circ} \text{ k}$, $R_{\odot} = 6.96 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$, $C_0 = 2.9979 \times 10^8 \text{ m / sec}$, $\alpha = 2897.8 \text{ } \mu\text{m}^{\circ} \text{ k}$, $r = 1.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$	15
2.b)	Define each of the following : i- Photovoltaic phenomena. ii-Incidence monochromatic flux, iii-Transmitted monochromatic flux, iv- Reflected monochromatic flux, v- Absorbed monochromatic flux.	10
3.a)	Derive an expression for calculation of the daily extraterrestrial irradiation on a horizontal surface.	10
3.b)	Compare between the daily extraterrestrial irradiation on 22 March with that of monthly average daily irradiation for El-Mansoura (31° N), on an inclined surface with angle of inclination = 20°. Consider that $I_{sc} = 1367 \text{ W/m}^2$.	15

4.a) Prove that the incident angle θ_0 for the irradiation over an inclined surface with angle β at latitude ϕ is equivalent to the zenith angle " θ_z " at latitude $(\phi - \beta)$. 10

4.b) Using the given table, determine the percentage of the energy in the spectra of a black body at temperature 5785 °k , for the wavelengths in the following ranges:
i- 0 – 0.39 μm . ii- 0.39 – 0.7 μm . iii- 0.7– 4 μm . iv- $\lambda > 4 \mu\text{m}$.
 Comment on the results.

x $\mu\text{m k}$	f(x)	x $\mu\text{m k}$	f(x)	x $\mu\text{m k}$	f(x)	x $\mu\text{m k}$	f(x)
2200	0.101	4000	0.483	6300	0.762	19000	0.983
2300	0.120	4100	0.499	6400	0.770	20000	0.986
2400	0.140	4200	0.516	6500	0.776	30000	0.995

15

With My Best Wishes

Examiners:	<i>Prof. Magdy Tadros (*)</i>	<i>Dr. Mohamed Abu zaid</i>
	<i>Dr. Shalabeia Badr</i>	<i>Dr. Neven Kamal</i>