

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department
Subject: Analytical Chemistry
Course Environmental Chemistry
Course code: CHEM 413.....



4thlevel(Chemistry,Botany
and Biology students)
Date:25-5-2013
Time allowed: 2 hours
Full Mark:80 Marks

Answer the Following Questions:

- 1- Explain, with examples, the effect of toxic chemicals on enzymes. . (10marks)
- 2- Discuss the mechanism of action of insecticide (10 marks)
- 3- What is pollutant cycle? Illustrate such a cycle in the environment (10 marks)
4. Write short notes on **three** only of the following : (15 marks)
 - (a) Sanitary landfill method for waste disposal
 - (b) Incineration method of waste disposal
 - (c) Municipal waste composting
 - (d) The toxic effects of CO in the body. Is this effect reversible or irreversible?
Does it act on enzyme system?
- 5- Define the following :
 - a) Heavy metals
 - b) Chemical speciation
 - c) BOD and DO(15marks)

Best wishes,

Dr.I. Kenawy , Dr. M. Eldefrawy and Dr Weam Abo-Elmaty



Final Examination in Botany
Second Term: June. 2013

Educational Year: fourth Level
Subject: Bot (419)

Program: Chemistry/ Botany
Course(s): Plant mineral nutrition and
physiology of microorganisms.

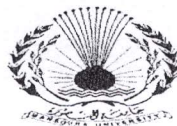
Time: 2 hrs. Date: 20 / 5 /2013

Full mark: 60

Question mark: 20

Answer the following questions:

<p>Q1:</p>	<p>Write an account on each of the following:</p> <p>(a) Transport of mineral nutrients across plasma membranes and show how can the carrier molecules transport ions passively and actively. (12 marks)</p> <p>(b) Pathways for ion transport across the plant roots. (8 marks)</p>
<p>Q2:</p>	<p>a- Discuss briefly the occurrence, availability, functions and deficiency symptoms of N, K and Fe. (10 marks)</p> <p>b- Illustrate structure and chemical composition of cell wall in filamentous fungi, with special reference to chitin biosynthesis. (10 marks)</p>
<p>Q3:</p>	<p><u>Discuss each of the following:</u></p> <p>i- Bacterial metabolism of lactose. (6 marks)</p> <p>ii- Apical growth mechanism of filamentous fungi (8 marks)</p> <p>iii- Biodegradation of cellulose. (6 marks)</p> <p>Examiners: Prof. M. A. Abbas Dr. Mervat hossny</p>



Final Examination in Botany
Second Term: June. 2013

Educational Year: fourth Level

Program (Branch): Botany/Chemistry

Subject: N(421)

Course(s): Biotechnology

Time: 2 hrs

Date: 1 / 06 /2013

Full mark: 60

Question mark: 20

Answer the following questions:

- Q1** From your scientific point of view, what do you know about " Role of biotechnology in Medicinal Plants".
- Q2** Energy experts agree that the world is heading toward an unprecedented large and potentially devastating global energy crisis due to a decline in the availability of cheap oil and other fossil fuels. Fortunately, energy crops can provide possible alternatives. Discuss this statement via addressing the following:
- What is meant by energy crops?
 - What are the main steps of bioalcohol production?
 - What are the differences between sugarcane- and corn ethanol based industry?
 - What potential does Egypt has for bioethanol production?
 - What kind of legislation would you ask the Egyptian public assembly to pass to secure the future energy needs of the Egyptian society?
- Q3** Different people have different perception for biotech crops. Some people see production of biotech crops as a dream that can solve the world's hanger and economic problems whereas others see it as a nightmare that will turn the world into hell. Discuss this statement through addressing the following:
- What is meant by a biotech crop?
 - Typical experimental steps for production of a new biotech crop,
 - Enumerate the general goals of biotech crop production,
 - Examples of risk and benefits of biotech crops and how to assess them.
 - Regulatory polarization of biotech crops production worldwide.

Best wishes

Examiners: Prof. Mohamed Naguib

Dr. Farag Ibraheem

<p>Mansoura University Faculty of Science Chemistry Department Subject: Chemistry (Chem. 425) Course(s): Inorganic Chemistry</p>		<p>Second Term 4th level chemistry/zoology & botany Date: 4/6/2013 Time allowed: 2 hours Full Mark: 80 Marks</p>
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Question:1

I. Write short notes on the following: (16 marks)

- a. Magnetic properties of lanthanides.
- b. Separation methods of lanthanides.
- c. Actinides ores.
- d. Nuclear criticality.

II. Complete the following equations: (10 marks)

- a. $^{252}_{98}\text{Cf} + ^{11}_5\text{B} \rightarrow \dots + 5\ ^1_0\text{n}$
- b. $^{242}_{96}\text{Cm} + ^4_2\text{He} \rightarrow \dots + ^1_0\text{n}$
- c. $\dots + ^4_2\text{He} \rightarrow ^{242}_{96}\text{Cm} + ^1_0\text{n}$
- d. $^{238}_{92}\text{U} + ^{16}_8\text{O} \rightarrow \dots + 4\ ^1_0\text{n}$
- e. $^{254}_{99}\text{Es} + \beta \rightarrow \dots$

Question:2

I. Complete the following statement: (14 marks)

- a. Cerium is act as a strongagent, while Europium is act as a strong agent.
- b. According to, the element with atomic number is more abundant than that with atomic number.
- c. The regular decrease in the size of lanthanide ions is known as, this is due to greater effect of than that of the
- d. The transitions of the f-electrons are responsible for properties of the lanthanide ions, such as, and
- e. The actinide series contain the elements with atomic numbers through, from through
- f. Neodymium used in the manufacture of for laser applications while, praseodymium used to create
- g. Uraniumtrioxide is magnetic with colour while, uraniumdioxide is with colour.

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Question:3

I. On the basis of VBT predict the geometry & magnetic moment of these complexes:

$[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ & $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$, then discuss the limitation of VBT. (10 marks)

II. Which complex of the following pairs has the larger value of Δ_0 : (10 marks)

a. $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ & $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$

b. $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ & $[\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$

c. $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ & $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$

d. $[\text{Pd}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ & $[\text{Pt}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$

e. $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ & $[\text{CoCl}_6]^{3-}$

Question:4

I. For the Co^{3+} ion, the electron pairing energy (P) is about $16,800 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ & the crystal field splitting energy values (Δ_0) for the $[\text{CoF}_6]^{3-}$ & $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ complexes are $13,000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ and $23,000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$, respectively.

a. Which of these complexes have high spin configuration?

b. Calculate the number of unpaired electron & the magnetic moment (μ_s) for each complex?

c. Calculate the CFSE for both complexes? (10 marks)

II. $[\text{Sc}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ complex is diamagnetic while, $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ complex is paramagnetic, explain this experimental observation using MOT. (10 marks)

At. No. [Sc = 21, Ti = 22, Cr = 24, Mn = 25, Fe = 26, Co = 27, Ni = 28, Pd = 46, Pt = 78]

Good Luck

Dr. Rania R. Zaky



Second Semester: Final Exam. 2013

Educational Year: Fourth Year

Course (s): Carbohydrates Chemistry

Date: 8 June/ 2013

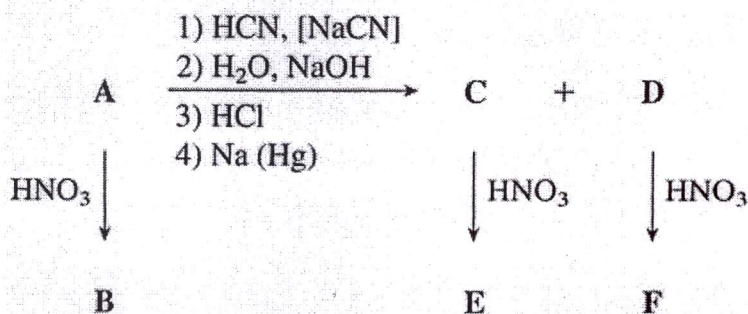
Course Code: Chemistry 434

Subject: Chemistry

Full Mark: 80

Time: 2 Hours

1- a- Monosaccharide A in the following scheme is a D-aldopentose. Compound E does rotate plane-polarized light, whereas compound B and F do not. Show the structures of A, B, C, D, and E. [10 Marks]



b- Discuss the effect of Both Tosyl chloride and Periodic acid on Monosaccharide A. [10 Marks]

2-a- Explain by equation conversion of D-arabinose to higher aldose & ketose. [5Marks]

b- Starch is a polysaccharide contains amylose and amylopectin used for energy storage in plant.

i- Describe the type of glycosidic bond in it. [5Marks]

ii- What the effect of both HNO_3 and trityl chloride on aldose-monosaccharide units obtained by hydrolysis of starch. [5Marks]

c- Sucrose and Lactose are disaccharides; which of them does not undergoes Mutarotation? [5Marks]

3- The Following disaccharides consisting of two monosaccharide units:

i- Draw the Fisher projection and Haworth formulation of the hydrolyzed monosaccharides of compound 2. [5Marks]

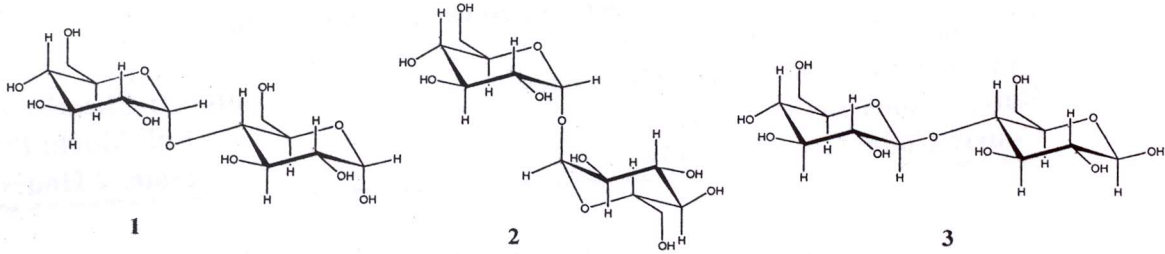
ii- Which of these disaccharides has reducing power (explain by equations in compound 3). [5 Marks]

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iii - Elucidate the Point of attachment in compound 1. [5Marks]

iv- Describe the type and point of attachment of each glycosidic bond in all disaccharides. [5Marks]



4- a- Explain by equation, how you can proof of glucose stereochemistry. [5Marks]

b- Determine the structure of lactose. [5Marks]

c- Convert of the following: [5Marks]

i- D-Ribose to D- arabinose

ii- Glucose to Fructose

d- Formation of osatriazole from D-Fructose. [5Marks]

Best regards,

Prof. Dr. Wafaa S. Hamama & Dr. Mona El-Sayed



Answer the following questions:

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Section I (catalysts & catalysis)

- 1- Discuss the following:- (10 marks)
- a- Catalyst activity and selectivity
 - b- Deactivation of catalyst
 - c- Autocatalysis
 - d- Specific acid catalysis
- 2- Derive the equation rate of enzyme catalysis. (10 marks)
- 3- V_m for an enzymatic reaction is $5 \mu\text{mol}$ per minute when $2 \mu\text{g}$ of an enzyme whose molecular weight is 27.000 is present.
- What is the turnover number? (5 marks)
- 4- What is the rate equation of the following, (5 marks)
- $$A+B+C \leftrightarrow ABC$$
- $$ABC \rightarrow P+C$$
- 5- Discuss the effect of the catalyst on a reversible reaction (5 marks)
- 6- Define the nucleophilic and electrophilic catalysis. (5 marks)

Section II (colloids)

- I) (a) Complete the following: (4 marks)

A silver iodide sol AgI is stabilized by a small excess of KI, the particles are Charged. The attached ions constitute the inner portion of the double layer are called ions and the ions the outer layer are called.

- (b) Discuss three only of the following: (18 marks)
- (i) The procedure adopted for the determination of gold number.
 - (ii) Electrodialysis.
 - (iii) Emulsifier.
 - (iv) Two methods for preparation of sol.
 - (v) Sedimentation by gravity.

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II. (a) Tick (\checkmark) on the correct answer:

(4marks)

The viscosity of hydrophobic sol is:

- Equal the viscosity of the dispersion medium. ()
- Greater than that of the dispersion medium. ()
- Less than that of the dispersion medium. ()

(b) Give reason on two only of the following:

(10marks)

- i) Agglomeration of sols.
- ii) Tyndall effect of a colloidal solution.
- iii) Many colloidal systems are colored.

(c) Define:

(4marks)

- i) The dispersity of the system
 - ii) Salting out
 - iii) Negative adsorption
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Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department
Subject: Electrochemistry

Date : June 2013
Code : Chem. 341
Full Mark : 60
Time Allowed : 2 hours

Answer All Questions

First Question : (20 Mark)

[A] Write with examples on : (12 Mark)

- (i) Metal- Metal ion electrode. (ii) Amalgam electrode.
(iii) Gas electrode. (iv) Metal-insoluble salt electrode.

[B] For the cell : $Pt / HCl / Ag / AgCl$ (8 Mark)

- (i) What is the type of the cell and why? (ii) Determine the emf of the cell.
(iii) Use this cell for determination the standard electrode potential of $Ag / AgCl$ electrode

Second Question : (20 Mark)

Discuss in detail :

- [A] Decomposition potential. (10 Mark)
[B] Electrode kinetics for reversible electrode . (7 Mark)
[C] Sulphation . (3 Mark)

Third Question : (20 Mark)

[A] Give reason : (8 Mark)

- (i) Dry cell is irreversible cell . (ii) E° for concentration cell is zero.
(iii) The maximum emf obtainable from a simple cell is 2 V.
(iv) Use of glass electrode is the most convenient method for measuring solution pH.

[B] What is the difference between chemical cell and concentration cell. (3 Mark)

[C] Write on electrode concentration cell without transference. (5 Mark)

[D] Complete : (4 Mark)

- (i) In Cd-Weston cellis the -ve electrode and.....is the +ve electrode.
(ii) When the electrode is polarized, the overpotential plays two roles :
and

Good Luck

Prof.Dr. Ahlam M.A.Helmy



المستوى الرابع - كيمياء نبات - جغرافيا نباتية - علوم مصر - مجمع نبات (2013)

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Botany Department

Final Examination in Botany
Second term: June 2013

Educational Year: Fourth Level Program: Chemistry & Botany
Subject: Bot. (420) Course(s): Plant Geography – Flora & Plant Community
Time: 2 hrs Date: / /2013 Full mark: 60 Question mark: 20

Answer the following questions:

- Q.1 Write in detail on Two Only of the following: (20 marks)
- A- The Deltaic Mediterranean coast of Egypt.
 - B- The habitat types and characteristic vegetation in the Egyptian Deserts.
 - C- Sinai region.
-
- Q.2 A- Compare and construct between Wadi El-Natron Depression and Siwa Oasis with particular reference to location, climate, habitats and vegetation types. (10 marks)
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- B- Discuss each of the following:
- 1. Life forms of plants. (6 marks)
 - 2. Types of quadrates. (4 marks)
-
- Q.3 Give an account on:
- A- Animal dispersal. (7 marks)
 - B- Barriers. (7 marks)
 - C- Types of terrestrial habitats. (6 marks)

Examiners:

Prof. Ibrahim Mashaly

Prof. Sayed El-Halawany



Answer the following questions:

1- Compare between each of the following: (15 marks)

- a - Thermoplastic and Thermoset polymers.
- b- Alternating, Graft and Block copolymers.
- c- Isotactic, Syndiotactic and Atactic polymers.
- d- Chain-growth and Step-growth polymerization.
- e- Linear, Branched, Network, Star and Dendrimers polymers.

2- Write short notes on the different types of initiators generally used in free radical Polymerization. Then select one of them suitable for illustrating the mechanism of polymerization of styrene monomer. (15 marks)

3- a) In polymerization of phthalic and ethylene glycol, although we get 80% degree of conversion we didn't obtain a polymeric material. Explain. (8 marks).

b) Derive a mathematical expression for the kinetics of free radical polymerization (7 marks).

4- a) Compare between cellulose, chitin and chitosan (7 marks).

b) By chemical equations, illustrate how to prepare polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl amine. (8 marks).

With our best Wishes

Examiners:

Dr. Dalia Mokhtar Ayad and Dr. M. Monier