# ون الناد عمل موقد - اللدلاميا الدوية ربيعا في المعالية المعالية

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Chemistry Department Subject: Bjochem. 376

Course(s): Biotechnology and its Applications

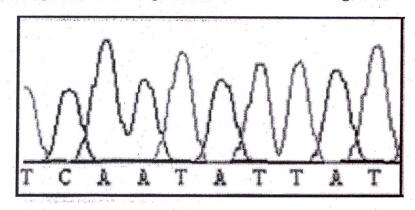


**Second Term Final Exam** Third Level (Biochemistry)
Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2013
Time Allowed: Two hours Full Mark: 60 Marks

Answer	ALI	the	Foll	owing	Questions	Each	Question	[20] M	arks
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	Answer ALL the Following Questions; Each Question [20] Marks
1]	Rewrite the Following Sentences <u>Underlining</u> the Missing Word(s):
	a- Nitrogen source for industrial fermentation may be(1) (2) , (3) , or(4)
	b- Vectors employed in molecular cloning are <sup>(5)</sup> , <sup>(6)</sup> , <sup>(7)</sup> ,
	c- The main steps of a PCR process are(10),, and(12)
	d- The main resources for storing and distributing sequence data are three large databases:, (13) , and, and, (15)
	e- Medicinal chemists attempt to use structure-activity relationship (SAR) to improve certain features of the lead compound:
	f- A(19) may become progressively more concentrated in the body of certain
	animals as it moves up the food chain. This process is called <sup>(20)</sup>
	[20] Mark
2]	A- Design an industrial fermentation process. [9] Mark
	B- Humulin is the brand name for a group of biosynthetic human insulin produced
	by genetic engineering for the treatment of diabetes.
	Illustrate the process of inserting human insulin gene into the cloning vector and the
	transformation of the recombinant DNA produced into the host cells. [11] Marks
3]	A- Give ONE reason for each of the following:
_	i- After a certain time of exponential phase, the rate of microbial growth in a fermentation process slows down.
	<ul> <li>ii- The classical chain-termination method requires a small amount of modified nucleotides (dideoxyNTPs).</li> </ul>
	iii- Amelogenin gene (AMEL) is a genetic marker used to determine sex.
	iv- The ability of fungi to transform a wide variety of hazardous chemicals has inspired scientists to use them in bioremediation.
	v- Bioterrorism has been a problem throughout human history.  [5] Mark

B- The following is the direct sequence results for a DNA fragment:



i- Deduce the precise order of nucleotides within this DNA fragment.

[2] Marks

ii. How many bands would appear in each of the A,C,T, and G lanes on the gel electrophoresis according to Sanger sequencing?

Lane	A	С	T	G
No. of Bands	•••••	•••••	•••••	

[4] Marks

#### C- Write short notes on:

i- Sequence Alignment.

[3] Marks

ii- Tertiary Sewage Treatment.

[3] Marks

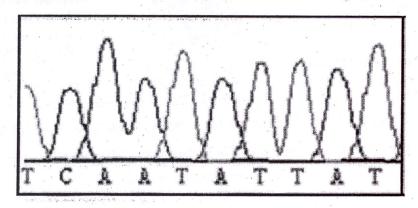
iii- Botulism.

[3] Marks

Examiner: Dr. Ahmed EL-Sokkary

-Good Luck-

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Examiner: Dr. Ahmed EL-Sokkary

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Mansoura University Faculty of Science Chemistry Dept.

3<sup>rd</sup> Year Gen. Chem.



2d Semester 2013 Chem. 364 (346) Full Mark [80] Time Allowed 2 hr

## **Answer the Following Questions:**

- 1) Identify the INCORRECT statement below [5]
  - a. The molecules must collide to react.
  - b. There must be enough energy for the two molecules to react.
  - c. The pre-exponential factor is a measure of the rate at which collisions occur in the gas.
  - d.The more complex the reacting molecules, the higher the value of P.
  - e.The molecules must be orientated with respect to each other correctly.
- 2) What are the units of k for the rate law: Rate =  $k[A][B]^2$ ? [5] (a)  $s^{-1}$ , (b) s, (c) L mol<sup>-1</sup>  $s^{-1}$ , (d)  $L^2$  mol<sup>-2</sup>  $s^{-1}$  (e)  $L^2$  s<sup>2</sup> mol<sup>-2</sup>.
- 3) Sketch a diagram for the consequences of light absorption. [5]
- 4) Derive a rate constant equation of the second order reaction; A + B  $\rightarrow$  Products. Assume A and B have equal initial concentrations. [10]
- 5) Distinguish between each of the following: [15]
  - a. Characteristics of fluorescence and phosphorescence.
  - b.Relation of [B] with time for parallel and consecutive reactions.
  - c. Intermediate and active complex (transition state).
  - 6) A certain system absorbs  $3.0 \times 10^{16}$  photons of light per second. On irradiation for 10 minutes 0.002 mole of the reactant was found to have reacted. Calculate the quantum yield. [10]
  - 7) The following data were obtained for A + B → product at 100°C:
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[ [A] <sub>o</sub> (mol L <sup>-1</sup> )	[[B] <sub>o</sub> (mol L <sup>-1</sup> )	Initial rate (mol L <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> )
1.0x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.0 ×10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.8 x10 <sup>-6</sup>
1.0 ×10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.0 x10 <sup>-4</sup>	8.4 ×10 <sup>-6</sup>
2.0 x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.0 ×10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.4 ×10 <sup>-5</sup>

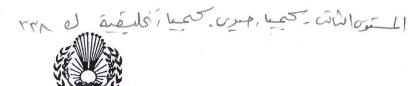
#### **Determine for this reaction [15]**

- (a) Over all order, (b) The rate law and (c) Half-life time.
- 8) If the reaction,  $SOCI_{2(g)} \rightarrow SO_{2(g)} + CI_{2(g)}$ , is first order with a half-life of  $3.2 \times 10^4$  s and activation energy 150 kJ at  $327^{\circ}$ C.Calculate [15]
  - (a) rate constant, (b) time required to decompose 30.0 % of SOCI<sub>2</sub>.
  - (c) temperature at which the rate constant is  $1.00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ .

## **GOOD LUCK**

Prof. Shawky Hassan Prof. Hamed Abo El-Nadar

N.B.  $N_A=6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ ,  $h=6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$ ,  $C=3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ ,  $k=1.381 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$ .



Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department

Final Examination for Third Year [ Chemistry - Biochemistry] Students Organic Synthesis & Organometallic Chemistry [ C- 338 ]

June 2013

Time: 3 hrs.

#### ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

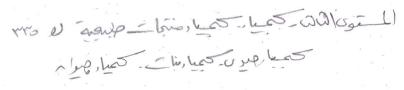
[ 60 Marks ]

1) Suggest a synthesis for each of the following compounds: [15 Marks]

- 2) Explain by chemical equations each of the following: [15 Marks]
  - a) Synthesis of atropine.
  - b) Synthesis of dimedone and its reaction with formaldehyde.
  - c) Double Michael condensation.
- 3) Outline and show by equations how to elucidate the structure of silatoluene. [15 Marks]
- 4) Outline and show by equations each of the following: [15 Marks]
  - a) The reaction of ferrocene with CH<sub>3</sub>COCI / AlCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - b) Sublimation of ferrocene with 10 molecules of iodine.
  - c) The reaction of o-bromoanisole with n-butyl lithium.

Prof. Dr. S. S. Elmorsy

Dr. S. M. Abdelmageed



**Mansoura University Faculty of Science Chemistry Department** Mansoura, Egypt



Second Semester May 2013

Educational Year: 3<sup>ed</sup> Year Chemistry.

Course (s): Natural Products.

Date: 03/06/2013. Course Code: CH 335.

Subject: Chemistry. Full Mark: 60.

Time: 2 hrs.

#### Answer the following questions

1 – a) Explain how  $\alpha$  - terpenole is biosynthesized from acetyl-Co A. (10 marks)

b) Write the chemical structure of the following compounds and their classification (5 marks)

1- Cholic acid.

2- Codeine.

3- Ephedrine.

4- Oestrogen.

10- Myrcene.

2 - a) How biosynthetic pathway of ergosterol is converted to Vitamin D<sub>2</sub>? (5 marks)

explain your answer by chemical equations.

b) Nicotine is an alkaloid elucidate its chemical structure. explain your answer by chemical equations. (10 marks)

3 - Illustrate by chemical equations the conversion of the following: (15 marks)

- a) Dehydroepiondrosterone into testosterone.
  - b) p-Toluic acid to α-terpineol.
- c) Shikimic acid to cinnamic acid.

4 – Clearly show the structure elucidation of the following:

(15 marks)

- a) α Terpineol
- b) Geraniol.
- c) Hygrine.

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Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department
Subject: Chemistry
Course: Nucleic acids and
Genetic Information
Biochem 375



3<sup>rd</sup> Level Biochemistry Students

Date: June 2013

Time Allowed: 2 hours Full Mark: 80 Marks

#### ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

Express your answer by formulae equations, pathways, diagrams or figures wherever possible.

•	Define the following:	[36 Marks]		
	a) DNA melting temperature	b) Double-Strand Break Repair	c) major and minor grooves	
	d) DNA polarity	e) Gene Promoter	f) Tautomerization of nitrogen bases	
	g) Gene Operator	h) c-DNA	i) phosphodiester group in DNA	

II. [24 Marks]

a) Complete the missing parts in the following statements:

which are important in ....[3]......

- i. Human tissue contains two phosphoribosyl transferases...[1]..., ...[2]....,
  - ii. ... [4]... inhibits guanylate kinase and, at higher concentrations, inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase.
  - iii. Purines derived from food do not participate in the salvage pathways but they are mostly converted to .... [5].....
  - iv. .... [6].... acetylates histone proteins, and up-regulates transcription. While ....[7]..... deacetylates histones proteins and down-regulates transcription.
  - v. Thymidylate synthase convertes ...[8]... to .....[9]...., and it requires.....[10].....as a cofactor.

Best wishes for our dear students,

Dr. Amr Negm

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[9 Marks]

b) Inosine monophosphate (IMP) is the first purine nucleotide synthesized via de novo synthesis of purines, and it is the precursor for the synthesis of other purine nucleotides. Comment and describe the regulation of these pathways. [15 Marks]

## III. Compare between the following:

[20 Marks]

- 1) Folate analogues & Azathiopurine.
- 2) Hadacidin & Azaserine.
- 3) Floxuridine & Fluorouracil.
- 4) A-DNA, B-DNA & Z-DNA.

Best wishes for our dear students,

Dr. Amr Negm

## Mus el per d'len - and, has ain out !!

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department
Subject: Biochem.377

Course : Body Fluids



Second Term Exam 2012/2013

Third Level Biochem Students

Date: 13<sup>th</sup> June, 2013 Time Allowed: 2 hours

Total Mark : 60 Marks

Answer the following questions (20 marks for each question)
Provide your answer with formula, equations, pathways, figures or tables
wherever possible

### [1] write an account of the followings:

(20 marks)

- 1- Agranulocytosis and leukocytosis.
- 2- Pyuria and hematouria.
- 3.- Chyle and chime.
- 4- Foremilk and hindmilk.
- 5- Leukemia and leucopenia.

## [2] Write the composition/function of each:

(20 marks)

- 1- Cerebrospinal fluids.
- 2- Bile juice.
- 3- Saliva.
- 4- Albumin/globulin ratio.
- 5- Tears layers.

## [3] Discuss in Brief of following:

(20 marks)

- 1- Dangers of blood transfusion.
- 2- Role of von Willebrand factor (vWF) in the clotting formation.
- 3- Erythropoietin and its effect on the erythropiosis.
- 4- Function of the tissue macrophage system.

Good Luck

Examiner: Prof. A.F. Abdel-Aziz

## الم تعالقات عميا موية - الخالج الدن الخارب الخال الله عن المحال الله عن المحالة المحال

Mansoura University **Faculty of Education Chemistry Department** Subject: Chemistry Course: Analy. Chem .313



SecondTerm 3rd Year Biochemistry Time Allowed: 2 hours Full Mark: 60 Marks Date: May, 2013

Answer the following questions PART B (ELECTROANALYSIS) (30 marks)

1- (a) Write briefly on the saturated calomel electrode (SCE) and draw the diagram. (10 marks)

(b) Calculate the liquid junction potential across a membrane at 25°C, in which electrolyte 1 is saturated KCl (4.2F) and electrolyte 2 is 0.1 F KCl. The transference number are  $t_K = 0.49$  and  $t_{Cl} = 0.51$ . Neglect activity coefficients. (5 marks) 2- (a) Polarography is used for both quantitative and qualitative analysis of analytes,

explain this with references to ikovic equation (draw the corresponding curve).

(10 marks) (b) A 3.547 sample of insecticide was dissolved in acid, all arsenic being thereafter reduced reduced to As(III), and diluted to 1000.0 mL in a volumetric flask. A 10.00 mL aliquot was added to 150 mL of a solution containing 0.05 F KI and buffered to pH7. A few drops of starch indicator were added for the endpoint signal. The coulometric titration required 415,7 sec at a constant current of 25.16 mA to reach endpoint. Calculate the percentage of As<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> in the insectside. F=9.65x 10<sup>4</sup>

(5 marks)

## PART B (GRAVIMETRIC ANALYSIS) (30 marks)

3- (a) Define each of the following:

(i) Digestion (i) Peptization (iii) Filteration

(9 marks)

- (b) Calcium oxalate monohydrate has 3 distinct regions of decomposition on the TG curve. Illustrate the mechanism of decomposition of CaC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O with knowledge of:
- i) A pure sample of calcium oxalate monohydrate dried at 100°C weighing 250 mg is used.
- ii) Weight losses on the TG curve are:
- in the temperature range 100°-250°C, the weight loss is 36 mg.
- in the temperature range 400°-500°C, the weight loss is 56 mg.
- in the temperature range 650°-850°C, the weight loss is 88 mg. 4- (a) Write briefly on the following:

(6 marks) (6 marks)

(i) Post precipitation (ii) Effect of temperature.

(b) Calculate the volume of 2N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> requires to complete the precipitation of Ba<sup>2+</sup> as BaSO<sub>4</sub> from BaCl<sub>2</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O. Knowing that the weight of BaCl<sub>2</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O is 0.45g. (4 marks)

(c) Calculate the solubility product constant of MgCO<sub>3</sub> if 1L of its saturated solution contains 0.533 g of MgCO<sub>3</sub> at 20C<sup>0</sup>. (5 marks) At. Wts Mg = 24.31, C=12, O=16, Ca=40, H=1.008Ba = 137.4S = 32As= 74.9216 Cl= 35.45 K= 39.098.

> With my best wishes Dr. yasmeen gaber