

٢١٦٦ - صوت صفة (٢١٦٦)

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Physics Department.
Subject: Physics(316)
Title: Advanced optics



Final term exam – First Term
Third level /physics
Date: Jan. 2014
Allowed Time: Two hours.
Full Mark: 80

Answer the following questions

[1] a- Discuss Raman scattering theory in a classical frame work ?

[15]Mark

b- Explain, giving both theory and experimental details, how you would produce elliptically and circular polarized light? [15]Mark

[2] a- Calculate the electric field at a large distance from a thin glass plate if a source of light is placed at a large distance from its opposite side?

[15] Mark

b- Write briefly about the quarter wave plate?

Calculate the thickness required for a quarter wave plate having $n_o = 1.768$ and $n_e = 1.760$ using light of wavelength $\lambda = 5893 \text{ \AA}$.

[10] Mark

[3] a- Derive Rayleigh equation for elastic light scattering by isolated small particle in vacuum illuminated by plane polarized light?

[15] Mark

b- Describe the anomalous dispersion phenomenon using Sellmeier mechanism (clarify your answer with suitable drawing)? [10] Mark

Best wishes: Prof. Dr. Kermal El-Farahaty

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Department of Physics Course Code: Phys. 311 Title: Solid State Physics		First Semester (Jan. 2015) Exam Type (Final): 3rd Year (Physics, Biophysics) Time: Two Hours Full Mark: 80 Mark
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Answer **only three** questions from the following

- 1- **a:** Density of FCC copper is 8.96 g/cm^3 and its atomic mass is 63.54 g/atom . Find the Bragg angle for the first order reflection from the planes (110) at $\lambda = 0.5 \text{ \AA}$. Will there be any higher order reflections? [14 Mark]
- b:** Derive a relation for the separation distance between planes in a crystalline structure. Is that relation valid for all types of lattices? [13 Mark]
- 2- **a:** The energy of interaction of two atoms a distance r apart can be written as:
 $U(r) = - (a/r) + (b/r^7)$ where a and b are constants.
(i) Show that for the particles to be in equilibrium, $r = r_0 = (7b/a)^{1/6}$.
(ii) In stable equilibrium, show that the energy of attraction is seven times that of the repulsion in contrast to the forces of attraction and repulsion being equal. [14 Mark]
- b:** Which type of cubic lattice has the highest packing density? Give a proof. [13 Mark]
- 3- **a:** Describe an experimental method for determination of the separation distance between planes in a crystalline structure. [14 Mark]
- b:** Can gamma rays be used to study the crystalline structure? Explain! [13 Mark]
- 4- **a:** Show that the bulk properties of a solid does not depend on its volume. [14 Mark]
- b:** Write down the atomic radii r in terms of the lattice constant a , for:
(i) Simple cubic structure, (ii) FCC structure, (iii) BCC structure. [13 Mark]

أطيب التمنيات : أ.د. حمدي دويدار

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د. د. دويدار - د. سليم بدر

المستوى الثالث - فيزياء - ف ٢١٢ - تقريباً، طفاً لا - والنموذج

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Physics Department



3rd level Physics Students
Full Mark: 80
Allowed time: 2 hours
Course title: Theo. React. Physics

Course code: ph 312

First semester 2014-2015
Date: 29-12-2014

Answer the following questions:

1-A-Define the following quantity:

- i- The reactor ii- The cross section of an event iii- The neutron angular density
iv- The reaction rate v- The scattering angle . (10 Mark)

1-B- Derive the neutron transport equation in term of the angular density (10Mark)

2-Write short notes about the nuclear reactors, and take an example of the reactors to show how obtained the electricity. (20 Mark)

3-a- Using the Fick's rule to derive the diffusion equation (15 Mark)

3-b- Show the relation between the mean free path and the macroscopic cross section. (5 mark)

4- Consider a homogeneous bare slab reactor with inner width $2a$, and outer width $2b$. Calculate the *eigen values* of the one speed transport equation, and *Criticality factor* for the emitting neutrons. (20 Mark)

Best wishes:

Prof. Dr. S. A. El-Wakil & Dr. Abeer Awad

<p>Mansoura University Faculty of Science PHYSICS DEPARTMENT Final Exam – 1st Term (1 Jan. 2014)</p>	 2014-2015	<p>Third Level Students (Special Physics) Course: Math. Physics 1 (Phy315) Time allowed: 2 hours</p>
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Full Mark: 80 (Every question: 20 Mark)

Answer the following questions

Q1: A) Estimate the following integrals by using *Gamma* and *Beta* functions:

i) $\int_0^\pi \tan^{5/2}(x/2) dx$ ii) $\int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}-1} dx$ iii) $\int_0^\infty \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{4}\right) dx$

B) Prove the relation between Beta and Gamma functions as: $B(x, y) = \frac{\Gamma(x)\Gamma(y)}{\Gamma(x+y)}$

Q2:

A) Prove Rodrigues formula of the Legendre Polynomials as: $P_n(\mu) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{d\mu^n} (\mu^2 - 1)^n$

B) Show that: i) $\int_{-1}^1 x P_n(x) P_{n-1}(x) dx = \frac{2n}{4n^2 - 1}$ ii) $P_3(x) = \frac{1}{2}(5x^3 - 3x)$

Q3:

A) Prove that the generating function of the Bessel functions $J_n(x)$ can be expressed as:

$$\exp\left[\frac{x}{2}\left(t - \frac{1}{t}\right)\right] = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} t^n J_n(x)$$

B) i) Show that: $\int_0^\infty e^{-x} J_0(x) dx = 1$ ii) Evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x e^{-x^2} H_1(x) H_j(x) dx$

Q4:


A) What is the relation between Weber-Hermite function $\Psi_n(x)$ and Hermite function $H_n(x)$? Explain how can you obtain the expression of Weber-Hermite function in terms of Hermite function and solve the corresponding Weber-Hermite differential equation.

B) For Laguerre polynomial functions $L_n(x)$, prove its orthogonality property as

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x} L_n(x) L_m(x) dx = \delta_{nm}$$

With my best wishes

Dr. M. Sallah

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department		First Term Examination, Third Year : Physics , 313 ف Date : 2/1/ 2015 Time : 2 hours
Course (s) : Methods of Experimental Physics		Full Mark : 80 Mark

Answer the Following Questions

<p>[1] a- Describe the working of a rotary oil pump for producing low pressures. [10 Marks]</p> <p>b- Calculate the root mean square velocity (r.m.s) velocity of the nitrogen molecules at 0 °C. the density of nitrogen at N.T.P is 1.25 g/cm³ and g=981 cm /s². [10 Marks]</p> <p>c- Discuss the factors usually considered for the selection and choice a pump. [10 Marks]</p>
<p>[2] Account on the following :</p> <p>i- The quartz spectrograph. [10 Marks]</p> <p>ii- Flame photometer as a tool in spectrum analysis. [10 Marks]</p> <p>iii- Photographic process. [5 Marks]</p>
<p>[3] Account on the following :</p> <p>i- Light losses in spectrographs. [10 Marks]</p> <p>ii- Fogging produced in the photographic plates. [10 Marks]</p> <p>iii- Give some examples for systematic errors and random errors. [5 Marks]</p>
<p>With best wishes</p>
<p>أ.د. المتولى عبد الرازق & أ.د. إبراهيم فوده</p>



Quantum Mechanics

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Answer the following questions:

[1-a] Write on the basic postulates of quantum mechanics. [5 Marks]

[1-b] A beam of mono-energetic particles of energy E moves freely in x -direction is subjected to a potential jump of height $V_0 < E$. Determine the reflection and transmission coefficients of the beam and compare the results with those calculated classically. [15 Marks]

[2-a] Using the time-independent perturbation theory to estimate the first order corrections on the energy eigen-values and their corresponding eigen- functions of a particle moves in a perturbed system. [12 Marks]

[2-b] Verify that $[x^2, P_x] = 2ihx$, and calculate $[E, t]$. [8 Marks]

[3-a] Solve the one-dimensional Schrodinger equation to determine the allowed energy levels of a particle moves freely inside an infinite potential well of width L . [12 Marks]

[3-b] If this potential is perturbed by $H' = V_0$ in the region $0 < x < L/2$, calculate the 1st order correction on the ground state energy of the particle. [8 Marks]

[4-a] Determine the allowed energy levels and the corresponding eigen functions of a one-dimensional harmonic oscillator. [15 Marks]

[4-b] Discuss the degeneracy of a spherical harmonic oscillator and calculate its value for the 2nd excited state energy level ($N=2$). [5 Marks]

WITH OUR BEST WISHES

Examiners: Prof. Dr. A. R. Degheidy and Dr. E. B. Elkenany

Mansoura University
Faculty of Science
Physics Department

First Semester "Jan.2015"
Metal Physics Exam –Phys-317
Third Level Physics "Group 1" -

Total Mark [80]

Time Allowed TWO HOURS

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q.1: A Copper wire of cross-sectional area $3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$ carries a current 10 A. Find the drift velocity of electrons in this metal wire. The density of copper is 8.95 g/cm^3 , the atomic weight is 63.5 g/mole. Estimate the average time between collisions for electrons in copper at 20°C , where the resistivity of copper is $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ Ohm-m}$. Compute the average electron energy in a metal at zero Kelvin. Avogadro's number, 6.02×10^{23} , electron mass, $9.109 \times 10^{-31} \text{ Kg}$, Planck's constant $6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$, electron charge $=1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ Coul.}$, $1\text{eV} = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$, $1\text{Cal} = 4.2 \text{ J}$, Copper is monovalent. [20Mark]


Q.2 : Give possible reasons why Trivalent and Quadrivalent are metallic in character , and why metal crystallize typically in one of three structures , namely : BCC , FCC , and HCP structure ? . [20Mark].

Q.3: (a): Explain why electrons make only small contributions to the specific heat of a metal? [10Mark]. (b): The element sodium has density $0.97 \times 10^3 \text{ Kgm}^{-3}$, relative atomic mass 23 and electrical conductivity $2.1 \times 10^7 \text{ Ohm}^{-1} \cdot \text{m}^{-1}$. Determine (i) the thermal conductivity at 20°C of the element sodium by knowing that the numerical value of Lorenz number is $5.2 \times 10^{-9} \text{ cal.ohm/s.deg}^2$ and (ii) the mobility of electrons [10Mark].

Q.4 (a): Explain the meaning of the phase transformations in metals and illustrate your answer with examples. [10Mark]. (b): Consider a cube of gold 1mm on an edge. Calculate the approximate number of conduction electrons in this cube whose energies lie in the range 4.000 eV to 4.025 eV. [10Mark].

انتهت الأسئلة :

Prof.Dr. Mustafa Kamal.

Mansoura University Faculty of Science Physics Department Subject: Physics		First Term Third Year : Physics Date : 5-1-2014. Time allowed : 2 hours
Course (s): Phys 310 (Statistical Thermodynamics)		Full Mark: 80 Mark

Answer the following Questions : Each Question [20] Mark

[1] Deduce the Maxwellian distribution for molecular velocities.

[2] Find:

- a) Plank's law of black body radiation and
- b) Maxwell- Boltzmann velocity distribution

Using Bose-Einstein distribution functions.

[3] Derive the distribution function of Fermi – Dirac statistics.

[4.a] A system consists of two particles. Suppose that the system has two energy level, where $\epsilon_1 = 0$, $\epsilon_2 = \epsilon$, $g_1 = g_2 = 1$. Calculate the partition function for

- (a) a single particle
- (b) two particles (distinguishable)
- (c) two particles (indistinguishable)

[4.b] Derive the energy distribution of molecular speed

With my best wishes
Prof. Dr. A. Elgarayhi

Examiners: 1. Prof. Dr. A. Elgarayhi

2. Dr. M. Mansour